

CITY OF HOLLY HILL, FLORIDA
FIREFIGHTERS PENSION FUND BOARD OF TRUSTEES
REVISED AGENDA • NOVEMBER 18, 2021

City Commission Chamber

Firefighters Pension Board Meeting

10:00 AM

CITY HALL
1065 RIDGEWOOD AVENUE
HOLLY HILL, FL 32117

City Clerk's office: (386) 248-9441 - Fax: (386) 248-9448



City Commission Chamber
City Hall
1065 Ridgewood Avenue
Holly Hill, FL 32117

BOARD MEMBERS

Chairman

Tom Sejnowski

Dave Bridger
Damon Sansom
Sharon Miller
Laurie Taylor

CITY CLERK

Valerie Manning

1. CALL TO ORDER**2. APPROVAL OF MINUTES**

1. Minutes - August 12, 2021 Firefighters Pension Board Meeting
(Requested by Valerie Manning, City Clerk)

3. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**4. OLD BUSINESS****5. NEW BUSINESS**

1. New Business to Discuss
(Requested by Valerie Manning, City Clerk)

6. ADJOURNMENT

Website Address – www.hollyhillfl.org (City Clerk)

NOTICE – If any person decides to appeal any decision of the Firefighters Pension Board, he/she will need a record of the proceedings and, for that purpose, he/she may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based. The City does not prepare or provide such a record.



For special accommodations, please notify the City Clerk's Office at least 72 hours in advance. (386) 248-9441



Help for the hearing impaired is available through the Assistive Listening System. Receivers can be obtained from the City Clerk's Office.

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), persons needing a special accommodation to participate in the Firefighters Pension Board proceedings should contact the City Clerk's Office no later than three (3) days prior to the proceedings.

**Firefighters Pension Board****SCHEDULED**

Meeting: 11/18/21 10:00 AM
Department: City Clerk
Category: Minutes
Prepared By: Valerie Manning
Initiator: Valerie Manning
Sponsors:

FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT PENSION TRUST FUND BOARD (ID # 3544) DOC ID: 3544**Minutes - August 12, 2021 Firefighters Pension Board Meeting****DISCUSSION:**

Minutes from the August 12, 2021 Firefighters Pension Board meeting.

MOTION:

Approve the minutes as submitted by staff.

Holly Hill Firefighter's Pension Meeting

August 12, 2021

Meeting called to order at 10:05 AM

In attendance: Tom Sejnowski (Chairman), Dave Bridger (Secretary), Sharon Miller (Trustee), Laurie Taylor (Trustee), Frank Wan (Financial adviser), Valerie Manning (City Clerk), Steve Bays (Finance), and Paul Daragjati and Mindy Johnson (Salem Trust). Damon Samson (Trustee) out sick.

Motion to approve May 2021 minutes made by Laurie Taylor, second by Sharon Miller.

Unanimous vote to approve.

Public participation: None

Old Business: Form 1 is due. FPPTA membership renewed.

New Business: Calling Patrick Donlan from Foster and Foster in reference to an Actuarial experience study to make sure everything is where it should be. Last one was completed in 2016.

Patrick stated that it is recommended to complete this study every 5 years and it has been 5 years since the last 1. Tom Sejnowski made a motion to do the study, second by Sharon miller.

Unanimous vote to approve.

Frank Wan (Financial Adviser): Delivered the quarterly financial report. Synopsis is: unemployment dropped, economy is healing better than most expected and he sees no immediate threat to HHFD pension portfolio.

For the quarter, the system earned 316K or +5.4% net ahead of the strategic model (+5.0%) and ranked in the top 37th percentile. Best three performers were Vanguard S&P 500, Fidelity Mid-Cap and Russell Mid-Cap.

For the one year period, the system earned 1.4M or +28.1% net, ahead of the model (+26.1%) and ranked in the top 28th percentile. Best three performers were Russell Mid-Cap, SPDR Barclays Convertibles, and Vanguard S&P 500.

For the three year period, the system earned +13.6% and ranked in the top 10th percentile.

For the five year period, the system earned +12.1% and ranked in the top 19th percentile.

In April, 30K was liquidated from SPDR Barclays Convertible ETF for upcoming pension payments.

Paul Daragjati (Attorney): Attorney general has not yet responded to interpretation request. New rule out this week by FRS (Florida retirement system) that stated if a person applies for disability, they have to provide testimony from a LIVE Doctor and can no longer rely on your medical record only.

Mindy Johnson: Salem Trust has been HHFD pension custodian since 1998 and wanted to say thank you. The 2019 price increase was part of the agreed upon contract renewal.

Annual Budget: Tom Sejnowski detailed some slight changes.

Foster and Foster increased 10K

Disability increased 7,500

Our CPA is now James Moore, not Brent Milliken

Tom Sejnowski made a motion to approve the budget, Second by Dave Bridger.

Unanimous vote to approve.

Paul advised if there are any further changes to the budget, they will be brought up at the next meeting on November 18, 2021.

Motion to adjourn by Tom Sejnowski, second by Sharon Miller.

Unanimous vote to approve.

Meeting adjourned at 10:36 AM



Firefighters Pension Board

SCHEDULED

Meeting: 11/18/21 10:00 AM
Department: City Clerk
Category: New Business
Prepared By: Valerie Manning
Initiator: Valerie Manning
Sponsors:
FIREFIGHTERS RETIREMENT PENSION TRUST FUND BOARD (ID # 3545) DOC ID: 3545

5.1

New Business to Discuss

NEW BUSINESS:

- A. Frank Wan - Financial Advisor
- B. Paul Daragjati - Attorney
- C. Patrick Donlan - Actuary - **Explanation of Experience Study**
- D. Vote on 2022 meeting dates:
 - ✓ February 17
 - ✓ May 19
 - ✓ August 18
 - ✓ November 17

All meetings will be held in the City Commission Chambers beginning at 10:00 AM unless otherwise informed.



Burgess Chambers & Associates, Inc.

Institutional Investment Advisors

www.burgesschambers.com

September 30, 2021

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System

Investment Performance

Period Ending September 30, 2021

The following investment information was prepared by BCA, relying upon data from statements provided by the plan custodian and/or investment manager(s).
BCA reviews transactions provided by the custodian and uses reasonable care to ensure the accuracy of the data contained herein.
However, BCA cannot guarantee the accuracy of the custodian's statement.



Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
BCA Market Perspective ©
The Supply Chain Quandary
Burgess B. Chambers and Mitchel Brennan
October 2021

Congestion in our ports and rising consumer demand have created a mass shortage of materials across the spectrum of consumer and industrial products. We have come to the realization that we have a broken transportation system, exacerbated by the ballooning of U.S. retail sales in the first six months of 2021 to \$3.2 trillion - an increase of 22% over the same period in 2020*.

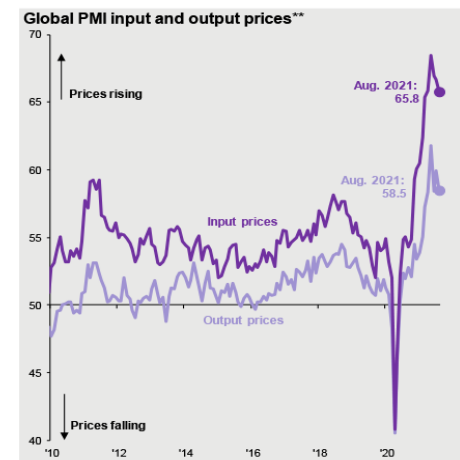
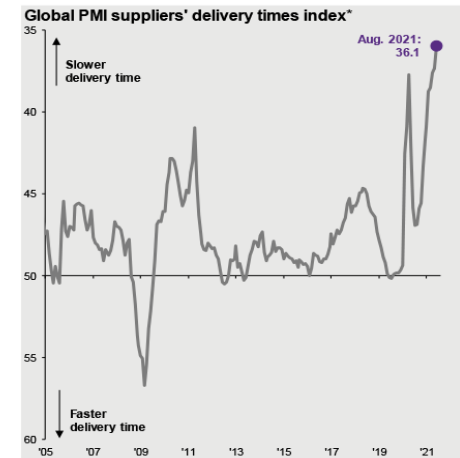
In February 2021, President Biden issued an Executive Order directing Federal Agency actions to secure and buildup America's supply chains. In June, he organized a Supply Chain Disruption Task Force to focus on transportation sectors, including ports, trucking, and rail. The Secretaries of Agriculture, Commerce and Transportation were directed to submit a plan to the President to solve the problems within one year. The request also solicited input from the general public in developing solutions in the freight and logistics sector. Federal Agencies are looking into a large number of causes for the supply chain bottlenecks: pandemic related labor shortages, freight and handling limitations, distribution, trucking regulations, warehouses and logistics, intermodal transportation, and cybersecurity risks.

As the top importer in the world, the U.S. appears to have been disproportionately impacted by supply disruptions, especially with key components like semiconductors. There are numerous supply and parts shortages in many critical areas of manufacturing. Covid related events have closed shipping ports in China and caused worker shortages in the port of Los Angeles and elsewhere. Cargo ships are left anchored off the coast of California waiting weeks before docking. According to a McKinsey report, shipping charges have risen as much as six fold since 2019.

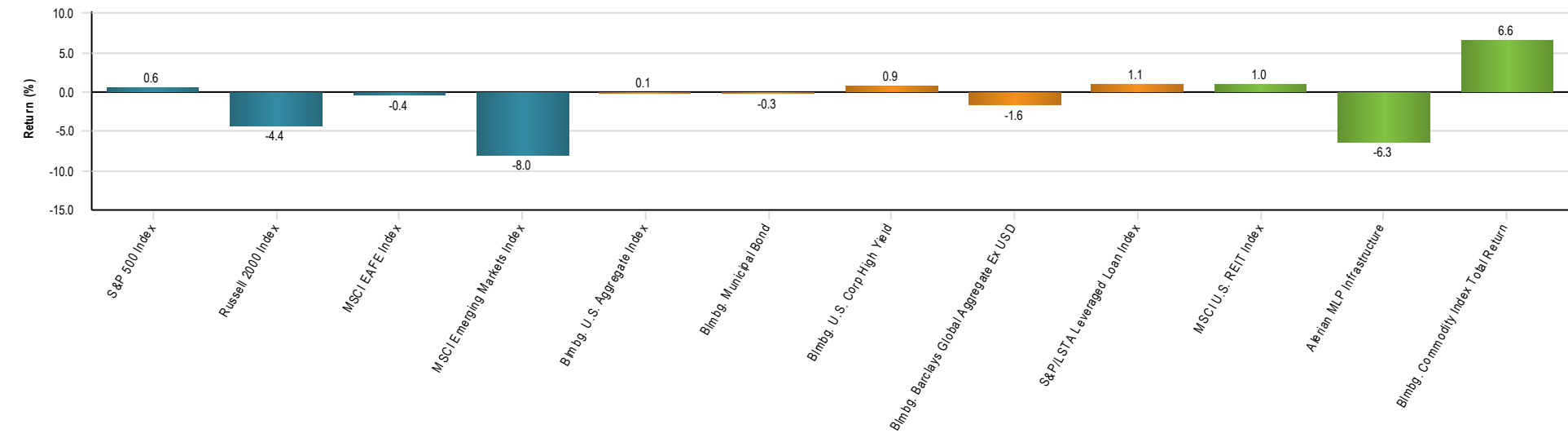
There is also a shortage of trucks and drivers in the U.S. With airline bookings collapsing by 90% in early 2020, more cargo had to be transported by trucks. Unfortunately, the trucking system was not prepared to step in and remains a major bottleneck even 18 months later. When the pandemic began in early 2020, shipping companies saw a rapid drop in business and feared the worse. Cutting back on employees in hindsight was a mistake that helped set the stage for the ensuing bottlenecks. Trying to get employees to return has proved challenging, as competing economic forces have encouraged workers to stay home.

More people staying home has led to a substantial increase in online purchases, only adding to the strain of retail demand that could not be supplied. While Federal Agencies scramble to find solutions to supply chain disruptions, the root cause will naturally dissipate, as people go back to work and resume their normal lives.

*UConn Today; 10/2021;

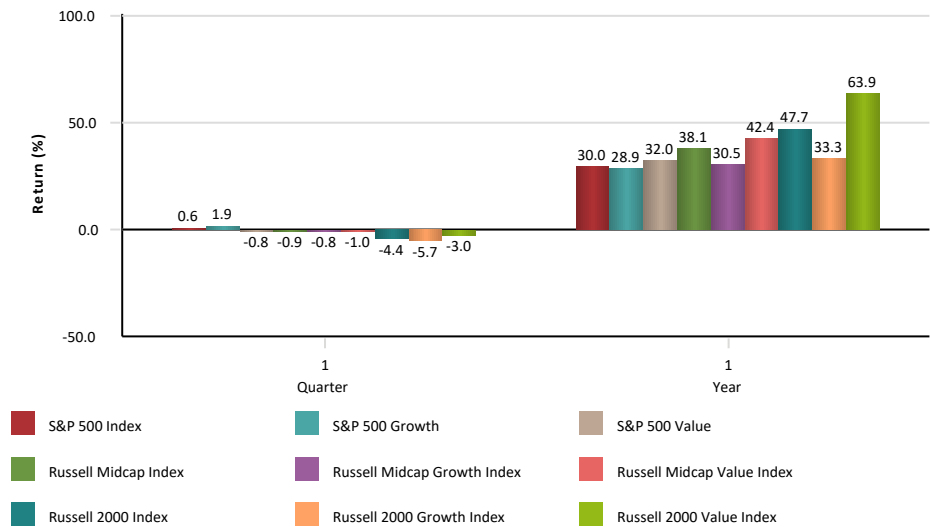


1 Quarter Performance



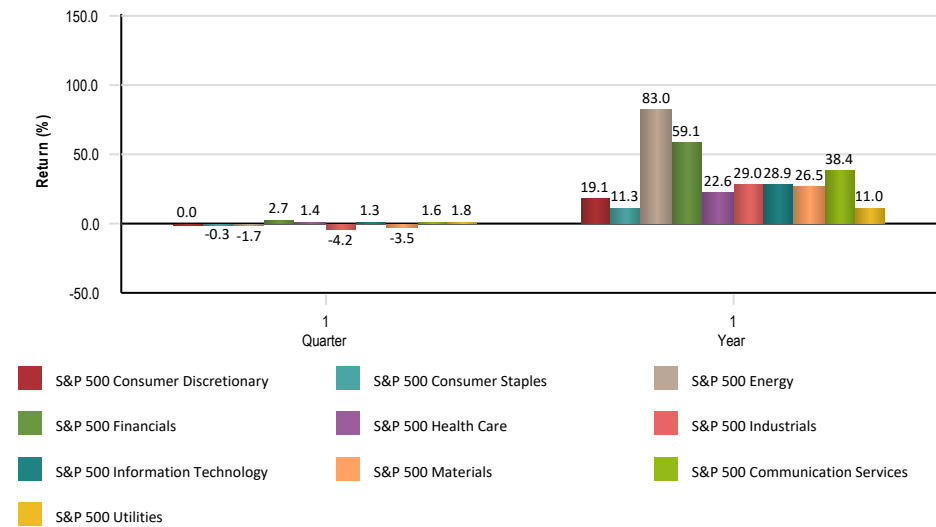
Source: Investment Metrics, LLC

US Market Indices Performance



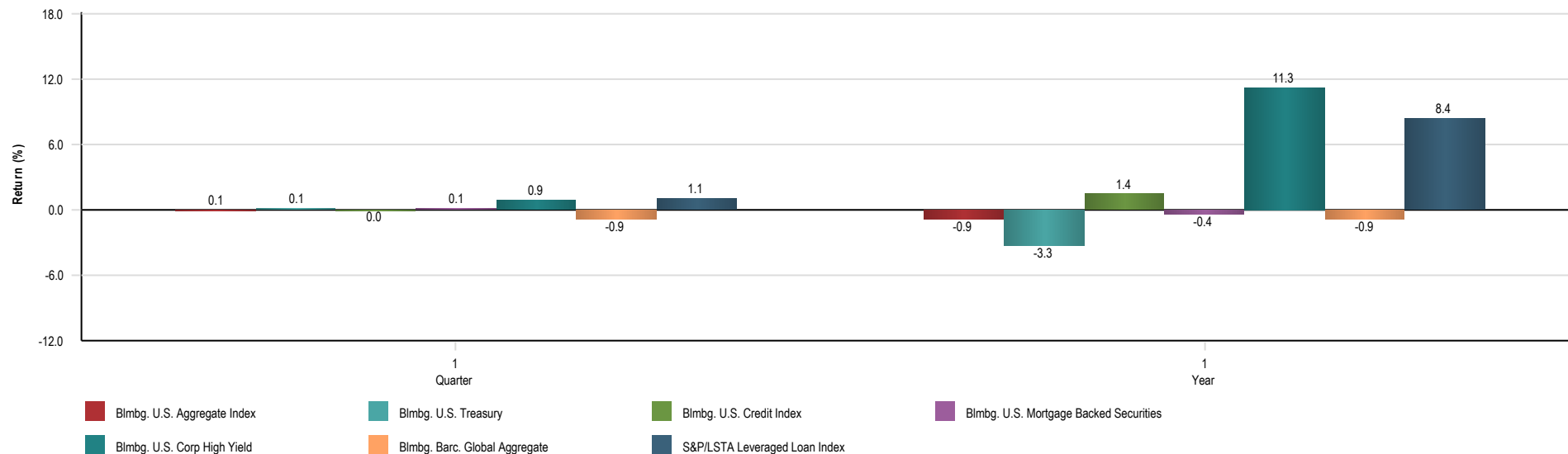
Source: Investment Metrics, LLC

US Market Sector Performance



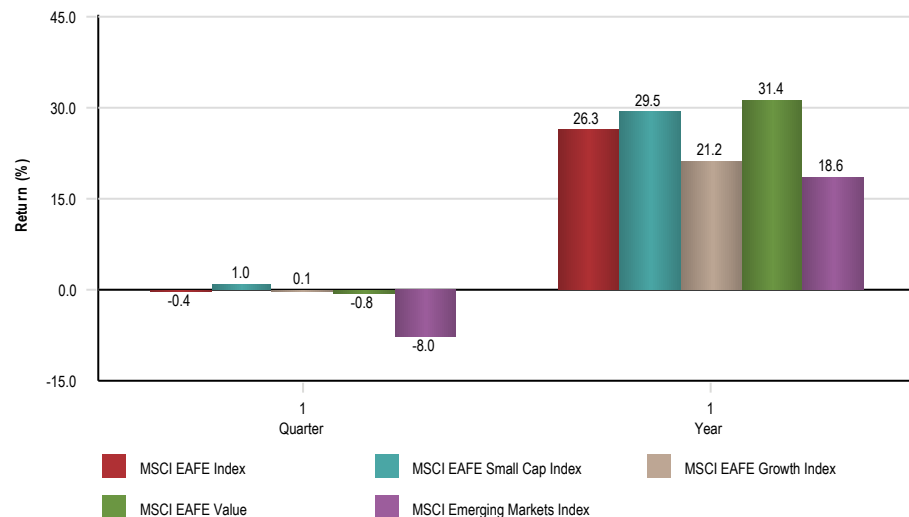
Source: Investment Metrics, LLC

Fixed Income Market Sector Performance



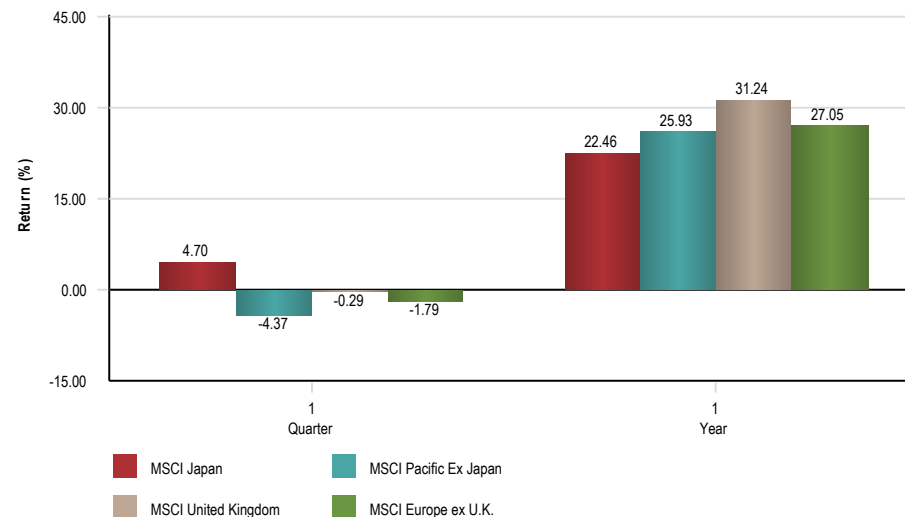
Source: Investment Metrics, LLC

Intl Equity Indices Performance



Source: Investment Metrics, LLC

Intl Equity Region Performance

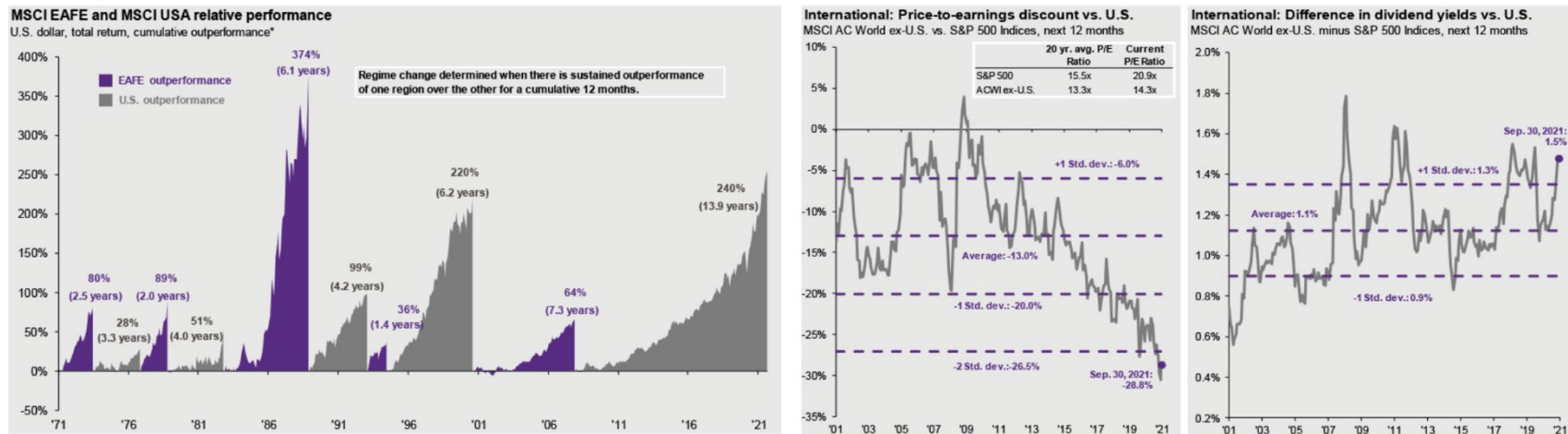


Source: Investment Metrics, LLC

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Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System Total Fund Investment Summary September 30, 2021

US stocks have outperformed foreign (developed countries) stocks for over 13.9 years; however, we may see opportunities in the near future to look abroad.



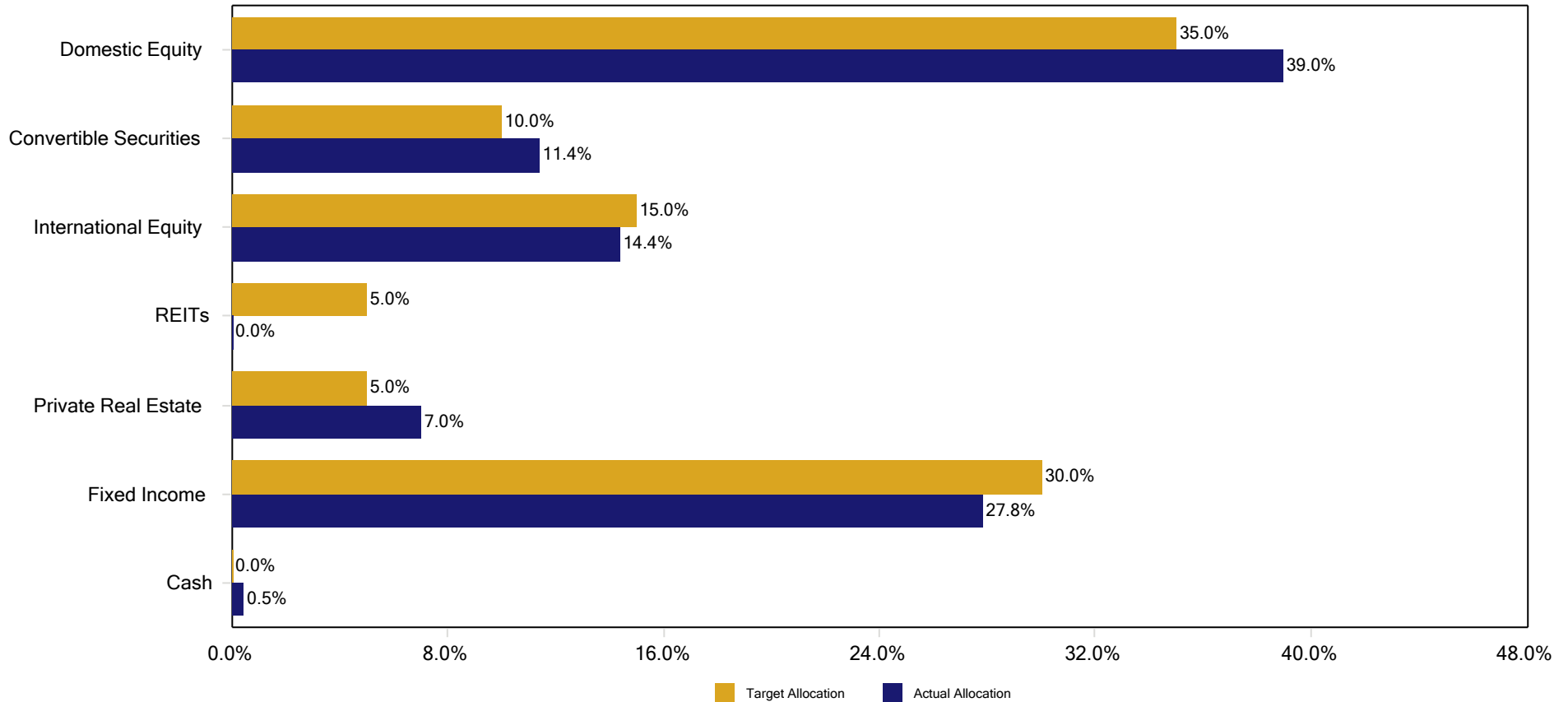
Source: JPMorgan Asset Management

- o For the quarter, the System earned \$5K or +0.1% net, trailing the strategic model (+0.3%) and ranked in the top 34th percentile. The best three performers were: MEPT Fund (+6.5%), Vanguard S&P 500 (+0.6%) and Highland Fixed Income (+0.4%).
- o For the one-year period, the System earned \$1.1M or +20.4% net, in line with the strategic model (+20.4%) and ranked in the top 47th percentile. The best three performers were: Russell Mid-Cap (+38.1%), Fidelity Mid-Cap (+38.1%) and Vanguard S&P 500 (+30.1%).
- o For the three-year period, the System earned +12.6% (+12.3% net) and ranked in the top 8th percentile.
- o For the five-year period, the System earned +11.4% (+11.1% net) and ranked in the top 16th percentile.
- o The Florida premium tax distribution for 2020 was deposited into the mutual fund account on August 24, 2021. It was retained in cash for future expenses and pension payments.

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Investment Performance - Net
September 30, 2021

	<u>Quarter</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>
Beginning Market Value	6,179,766	5,374,072	4,682,333	4,030,191
Contributions	-4,732	-272,834	-385,989	-505,219
Gain/Loss	4,804	1,078,600	1,883,495	2,654,866
Ending Market Value	6,179,838	6,179,838	6,179,838	6,179,838
Total Fund (%)	0.1	20.4	12.3	11.1
Strategic Model (%)	0.3	20.4	11.5	10.5

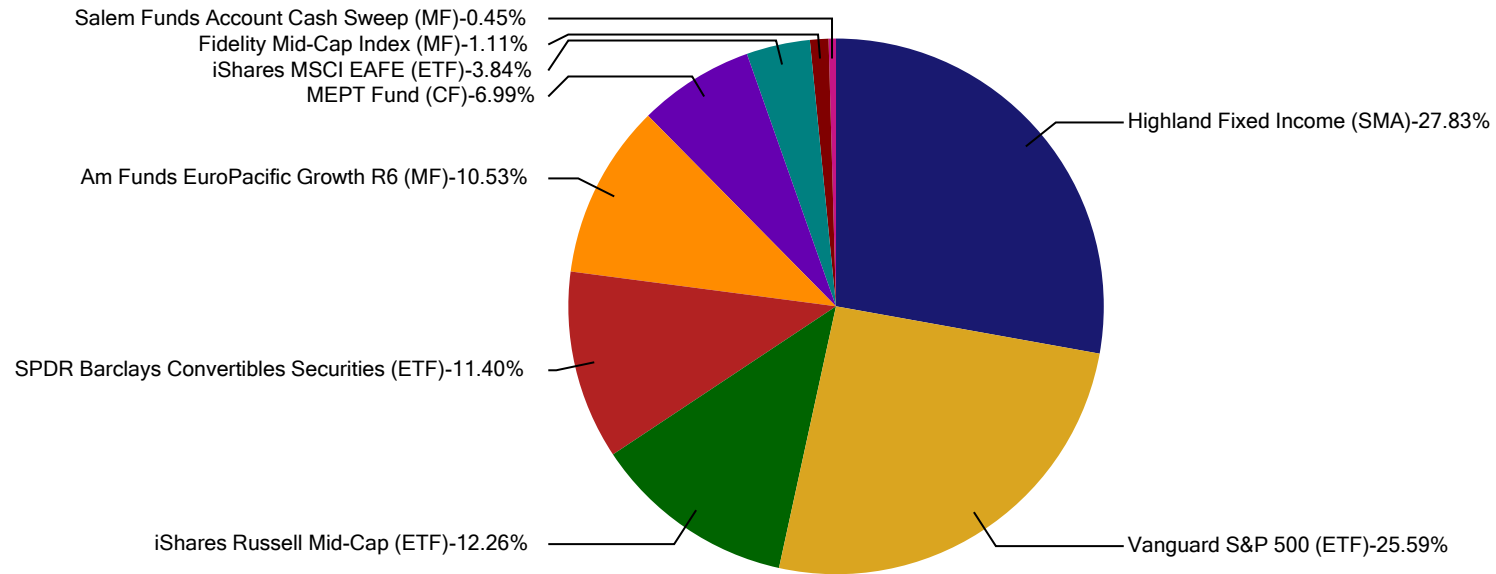
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Actual vs. Target Asset Allocation
September 30, 2021



	Market Value Actual \$	Percent Actual	Percent Target	Percent Difference
Total Fund	6,179,838	100.0	100.0	0.0
Domestic Equity	2,408,026	39.0	35.0	4.0
Convertible Securities	704,650	11.4	10.0	1.4
International Equity	887,840	14.4	15.0	-0.6
REITs	0	0.0	5.0	-5.0
Private Real Estate	431,802	7.0	5.0	2.0
Fixed Income	1,719,663	27.8	30.0	-2.2
Cash	27,856	0.5	0.0	0.5

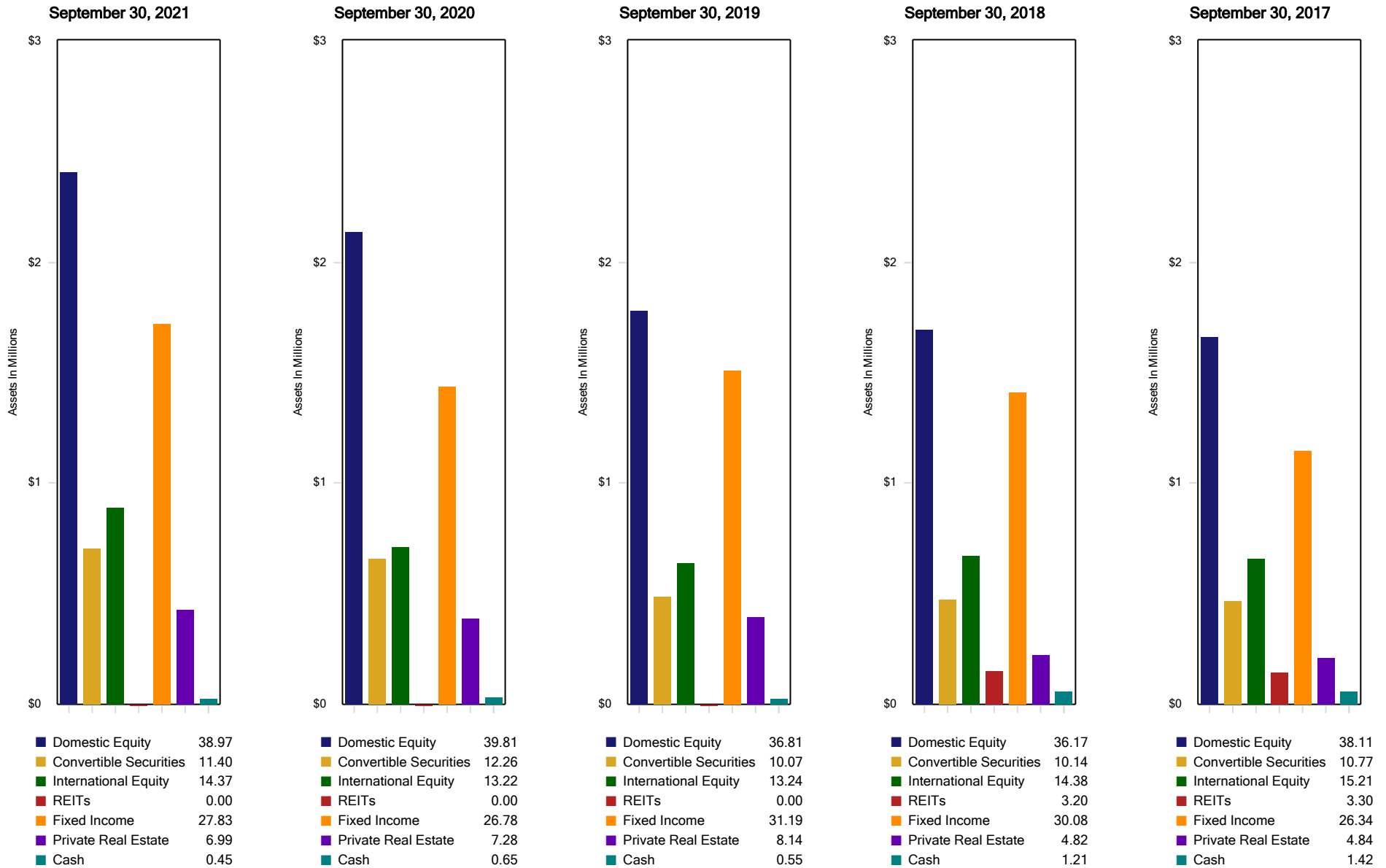
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System Asset Allocation

September 30, 2021 : 6,179,838



	<u>Market Value \$</u>	<u>Allocation (%)</u>
■ Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	1,719,663	27.83
■ Vanguard S&P 500 (ETF)	1,581,646	25.59
■ iShares Russell Mid-Cap (ETF)	757,561	12.26
■ SPDR Barclays Convertibles Securities (ETF)	704,650	11.40
■ Am Funds EuroPacific Growth R6 (MF)	650,456	10.53
■ MEPT Fund (CF)	431,802	6.99
■ iShares MSCI EAFE (ETF)	237,384	3.84
■ Fidelity Mid-Cap Index (MF)	68,819	1.11
■ Salem Funds Account Cash Sweep (MF)	27,856	0.45

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System Historical Asset Allocation September 30, 2021



Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Asset Allocation & Performance - Gross
September 30, 2021

	Market Value	QTD ROR - Rank	1 Year ROR - Rank	3 Year ROR - Rank	5 Year ROR - Rank
Total Fund	6,179,838	0.2 (34)	20.7 (47)	12.6 (8)	11.4 (16)
Strategic Model		0.3	20.4	11.5	10.5
Equity	4,000,516	-0.6	30.0	15.8	15.2
Domestic Equity	2,408,026	0.1	32.6	15.6	16.3
Vanguard S&P 500 (ETF)	1,581,646	0.6	30.1	16.1	17.0
S&P 500 Index		0.6	30.0	16.0	16.9
Fidelity Mid-Cap Index (MF)	68,819	-0.9	38.1	N/A	N/A
iShares Russell Mid-Cap (ETF)	757,561	-0.9	38.1	14.2	14.4
S&P MidCap 400 Index		-1.8	43.7	11.1	13.0
Convertible Securities	704,650	-1.2	27.2	21.3	17.8
SPDR Barclays Convertibles Securities (ETF)	704,650	-1.2	27.2	21.3	17.8
ML All Convertibles, All Qualities		-0.5	27.3	20.2	17.4
International Equity	887,840	-1.9	25.5	12.1	11.7
iShares MSCI EAFE (ETF)	237,384	-1.0	25.8	7.8	9.0
Am Funds EuroPacific Growth R6 (MF)	650,456	-2.2	25.3	13.8	12.7
MSCI EAFE Index		-0.4	26.3	8.1	9.3
Private Real Estate	431,802	6.5	14.0	6.8	7.0
MEPT Fund (CF)	431,802	6.5	14.0	6.8	7.0
NCREIF Fund Index-ODCE (VW)		6.6	14.6	7.1	7.5
Fixed Income	1,719,663	0.4	2.3	6.2	3.7
Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	1,719,663	0.4 (4)	2.3 (10)	6.2 (38)	3.7 (45)
Fixed Income Benchmark		0.1	-0.9	5.4	2.9
Cash	27,856	0.0	0.0	1.9	1.6
Salem Funds Account Cash Sweep (MF)	27,856	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.1
ICE BofAML 3 Month U.S. T-Bill		0.0	0.1	1.2	1.2

Attachment: Burgess Chambers & Associates - 2021-09-30 Holly Hill Fire (Quarterly Report) (3545 : New

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Asset Allocation & Performance - Net
September 30, 2021

	Market Value	QTD ROR - Rank	1 Year ROR - Rank	3 Year ROR - Rank	5 Year ROR - Rank
Total Fund	6,179,838	0.1	20.4	12.3	11.1
Strategic Model		0.3	20.4	11.5	10.5
Equity	4,000,516	-0.7	29.7	15.5	14.9
Domestic Equity	2,408,026	0.0	32.5	15.5	16.2
Vanguard S&P 500 (ETF)	1,581,646	0.6 (27)	30.1 (39)	16.0 (32)	16.9 (26)
S&P 500 Index		0.6	30.0	16.0	16.9
Fidelity Mid-Cap Index (MF)	68,819	-0.9 (52)	38.1 (53)	N/A	N/A
iShares Russell Mid-Cap (ETF)	757,561	-1.0 (55)	37.8 (56)	14.0 (15)	14.2 (18)
S&P MidCap 400 Index		-1.8	43.7	11.1	13.0
Convertible Securities	704,650	-1.3	26.7	20.9	17.3
SPDR Barclays Convertibles Securities (ETF)	704,650	-1.3 (80)	26.7 (13)	20.9 (40)	17.3 (38)
ML All Convertibles, All Qualities		-0.5	27.3	20.2	17.4
International Equity	887,840	-2.0	24.9	11.6	11.2
iShares MSCI EAFE (ETF)	237,384	-1.1 (34)	25.4 (39)	7.5 (64)	8.6 (57)
Am Funds EuroPacific Growth R6 (MF)	650,456	-2.3 (48)	24.8 (43)	13.2 (18)	12.2 (16)
MSCI EAFE Index		-0.4	26.3	8.1	9.3
Private Real Estate	431,802	6.2	13.0	5.9	6.0
MEPT Fund (CF)	431,802	6.2	13.0	5.9	6.0
NCREIF Fund Index-ODCE (VW)		6.6	14.6	7.1	7.5
Fixed Income	1,719,663	0.4	2.1	6.1	3.6
Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	1,719,663	0.4	2.1	6.1	3.6
Fixed Income Benchmark		0.1	-0.9	5.4	2.9

Attachment: Burgess Chambers & Associates - 2021-09-30 Holly Hill Fire (Quarterly Report) (3545 : New

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Asset Allocation & Performance - Net
September 30, 2021

	Market Value	QTD ROR - Rank	1 Year ROR - Rank	3 Year ROR - Rank	5 Year ROR - Rank
Cash	27,856	0.0	0.0	1.9	1.6
Salem Funds Account Cash Sweep (MF)	27,856	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.1
ICE BofAML 3 Month U.S. T-Bill		0.0	0.1	1.2	1.2

1 Strategic Model (IPS Hybrid Benchmark): eff 3/17 12.5% S&P500G, 12.5 S&P500V, 10% S&P400, 5% Wilshire REIT, 15% MSCI EAFE, 10% ML All US Convertibles, 5% NCREIF ODCE, 30 % BC Agg; eff 9/16 12.5% S&P500G, 12.5 S&P500V, 10% S&P400, 5% Wilshire REIT, 15% MSCI EAFE, 10% ML All US Convertibles, 35 % BC Agg; eff 3/11 25% S&P500, 10% S&P400, 5% Wilshire REIT, 15% MSCI EAFE, 10% ML All US Convertibles, 30 % BC Agg, 5% BC 1-10 yr TIP; eff 10/09 25% S&P500, 15% S&P400, 15% MSCI EAFE, 40% BC Agg, 5% BC 1-10Yr TIPS; eff 4/05- 30% S&P500, 15% S&P400, 8% MSCI EAFE, 40% Barclay's Int Agg, 7% Barclay's 1-10 TIPS; eff 4/01 50% S&P500, 50% LB Agg; eff 7/96 30% S&P500, 70% LB Government/Credit.

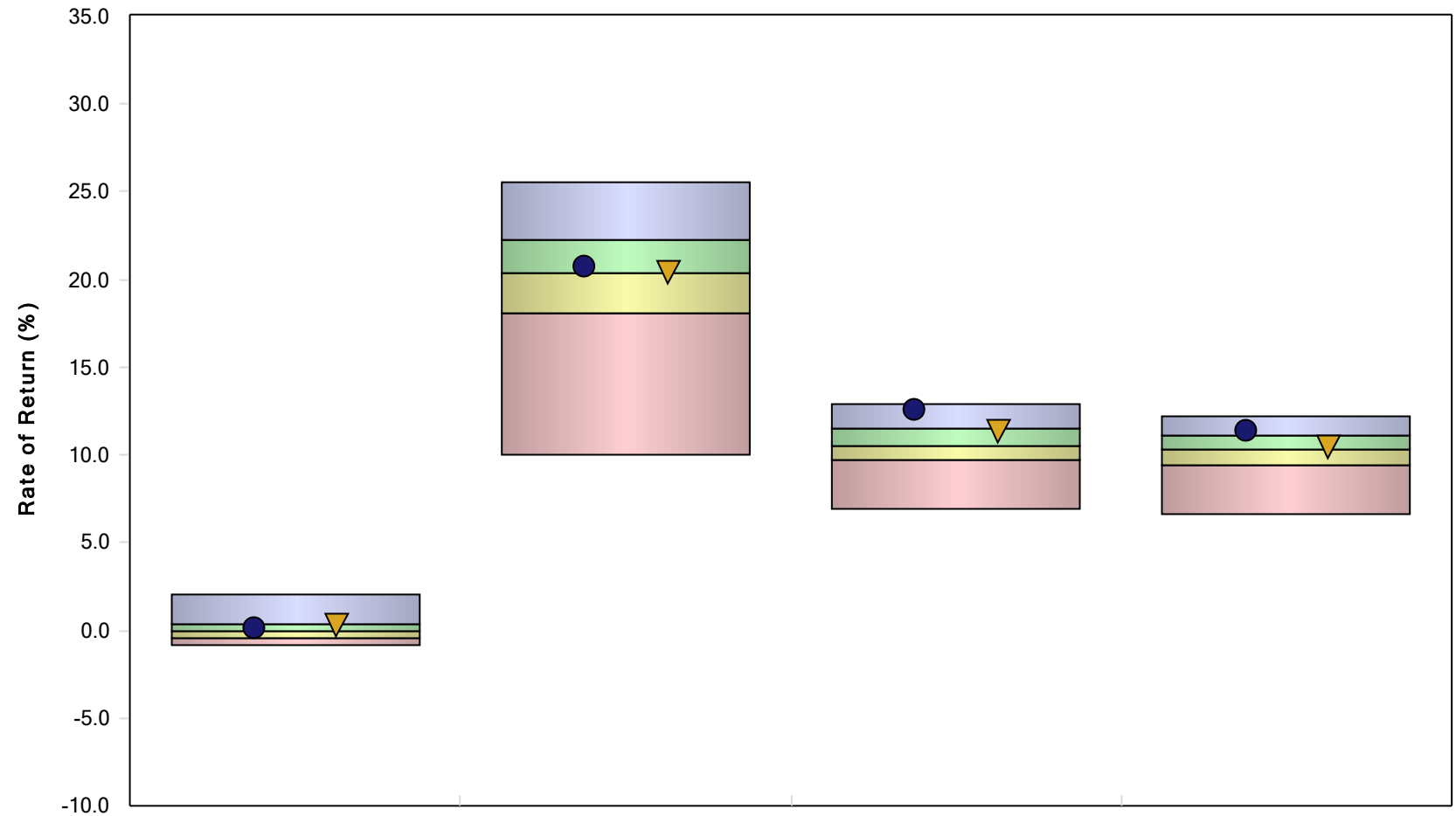
2 FI Benchmark: eff 10/09 100% BC Agg. eff 6/05 100% BC Int Agg. eff 6/01 100% BC Agg.

3 LC Benchmark: eff 10/09, S&P 500 index. Prior: 50% S&P500 stock 50% S&P500/Barra Growth index.

4 LCG Benchmark: eff 10/2009 100% S&P 500 Growth; prior 50% S&P 500/50% 500G

5 9/30/2021 market values for Vanguard S&P 500 (cusip: 922908363) include a 10/4/2021 dividend accrual.

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Peer Universe Quartile Ranking
September 30, 2021



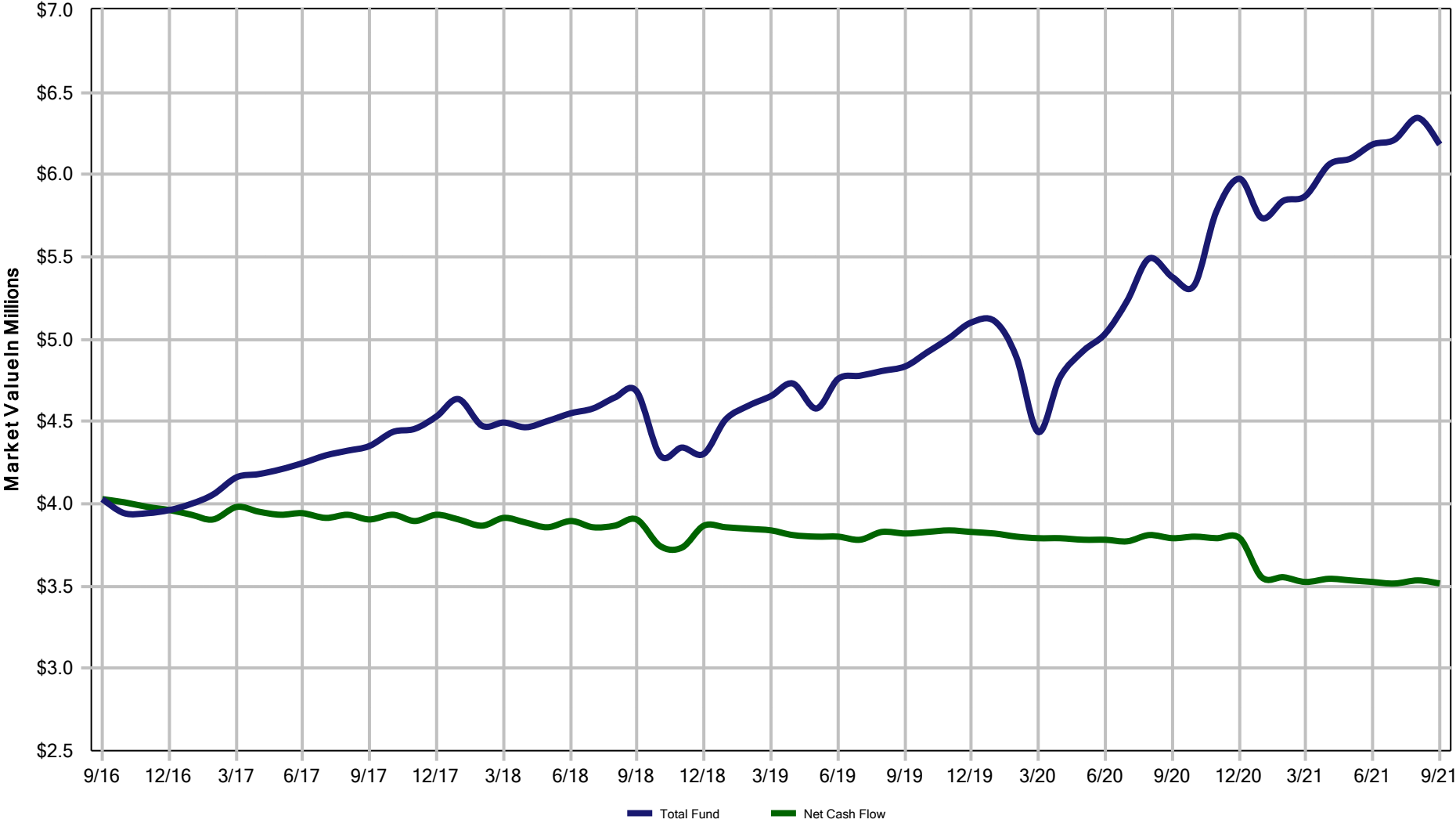
● Total Fund
 ▼ Strategic Model

	<u>Quarter</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>
	0.2 (34)	20.7 (47)	12.6 (8)	11.4 (16)
	0.3 (29)	20.4 (50)	11.5 (27)	10.5 (45)
5th Percentile	2.0	25.5	12.9	12.2
1st Quartile	0.4	22.2	11.5	11.1
Median	-0.1	20.3	10.5	10.3
3rd Quartile	-0.4	18.1	9.8	9.4
95th Percentile	-0.8	10.0	6.9	6.6

Parentheses contain percentile rankings.

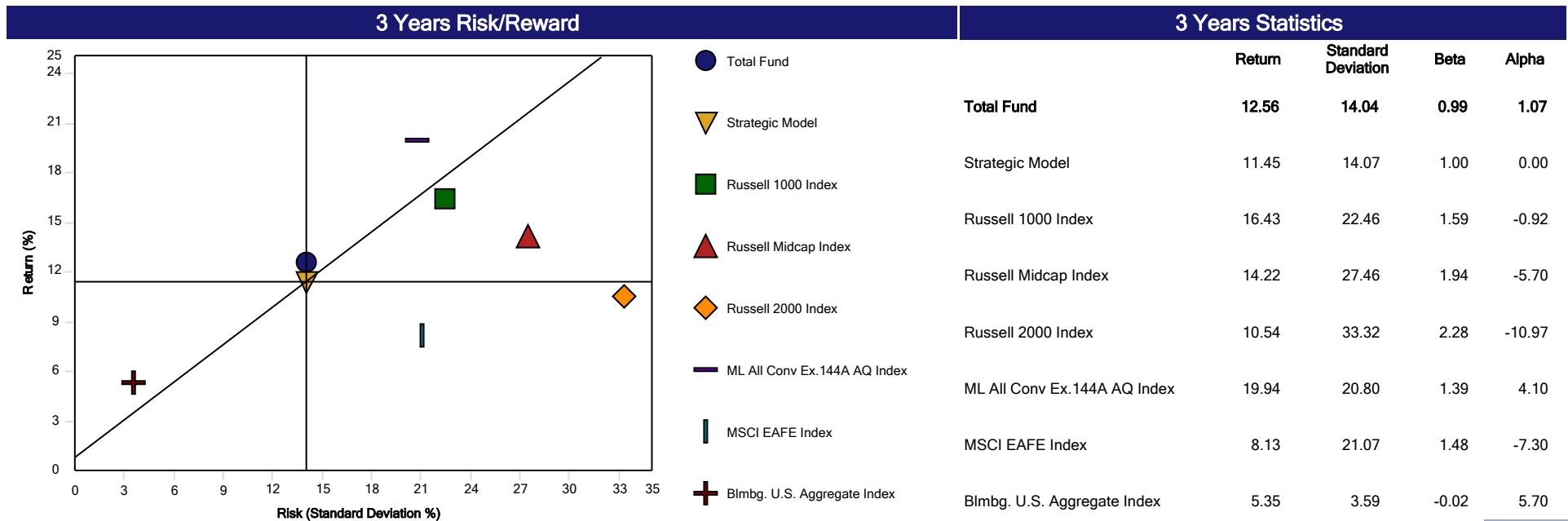
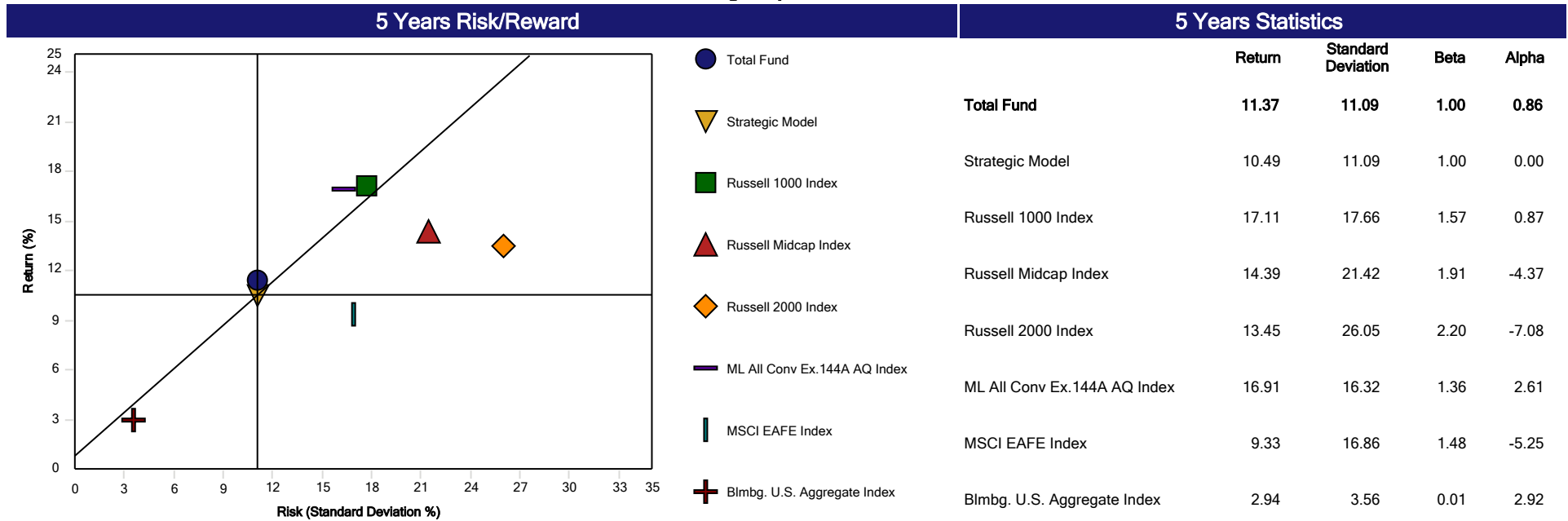
Calculation based on quarterly data.

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Growth of Investments
October 1, 2016 Through September 30, 2021

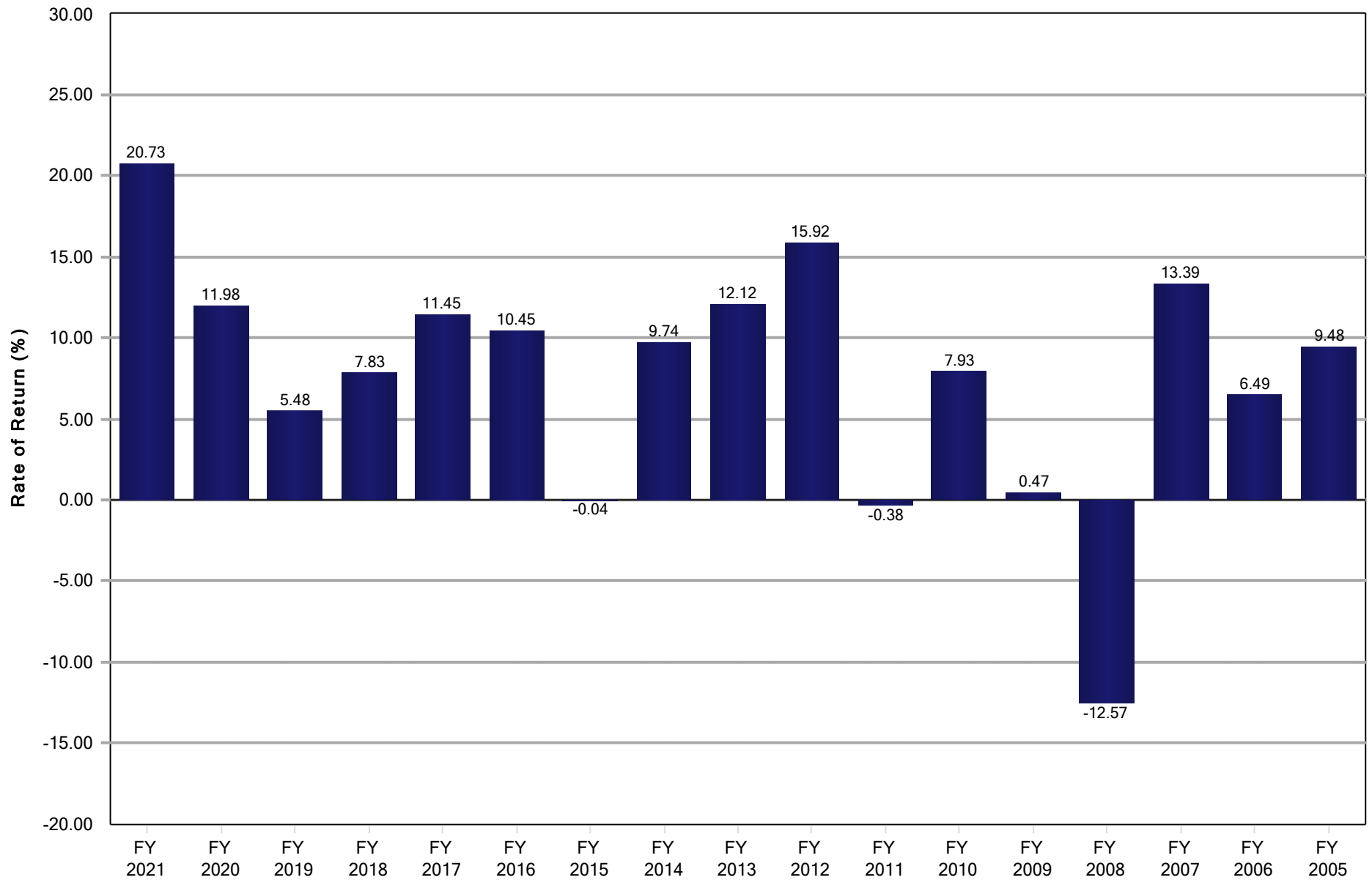


<u>Beginning MV</u>	<u>Ending MV</u>	<u>Annualized ROR</u>
\$4,030,191	\$6,179,838	11.4

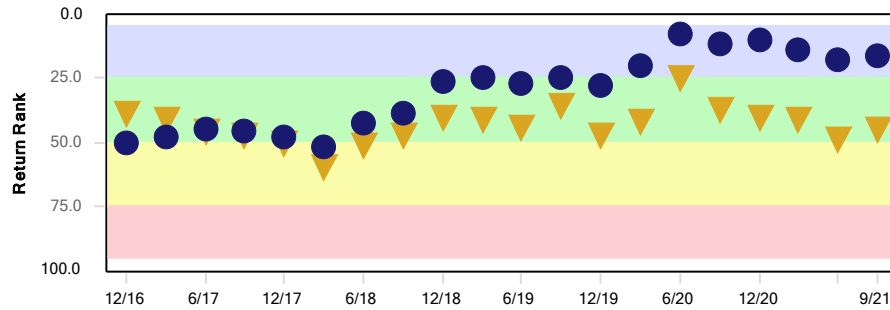
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Capital Market Line
Period Ending September 30, 2021



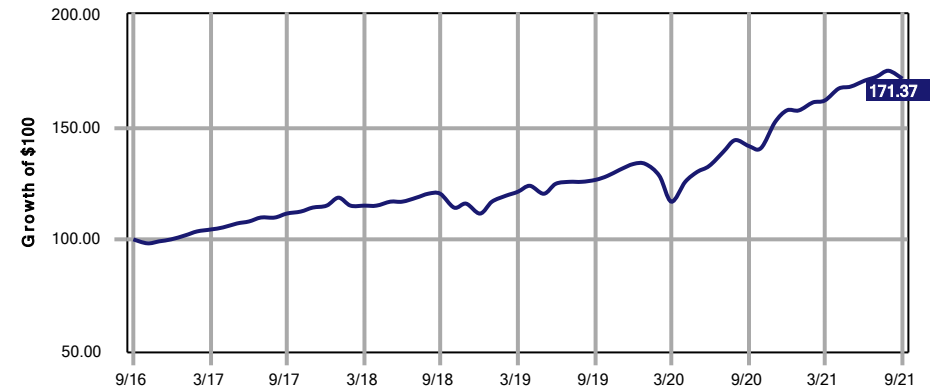
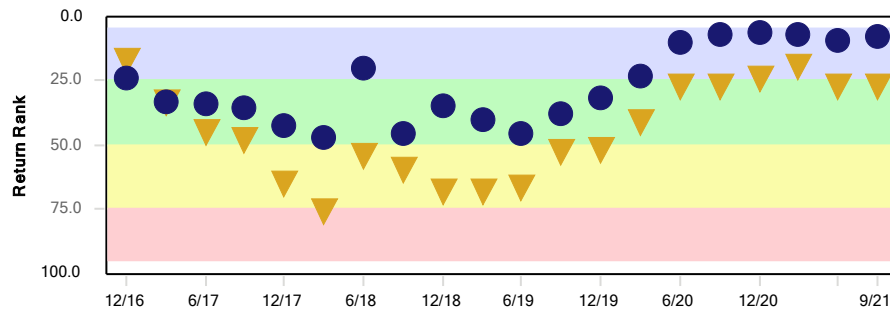
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Fiscal Year Rates of Return
September 30, 2021



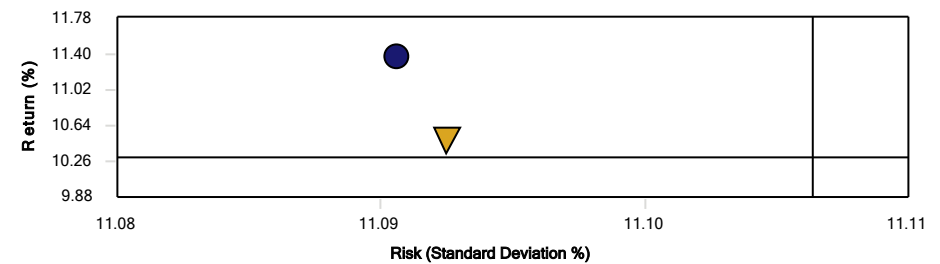
Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Total Fund
September 30, 2021

5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years

	Periods	5 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 95
● Total Fund	20	9 (45%)	10 (50%)	1 (5%)	0 (0%)
▼ Strategic Model	20	1 (5%)	17 (85%)	2 (10%)	0 (0%)

Growth of a Dollar**3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years**

	Periods	5 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 95
● Total Fund	20	9 (45%)	11 (55%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
▼ Strategic Model	20	3 (15%)	8 (40%)	8 (40%)	1 (5%)

Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation
● Total Fund	11.37	11.09
▼ Strategic Model	10.49	11.09
— Median	10.30	11.11

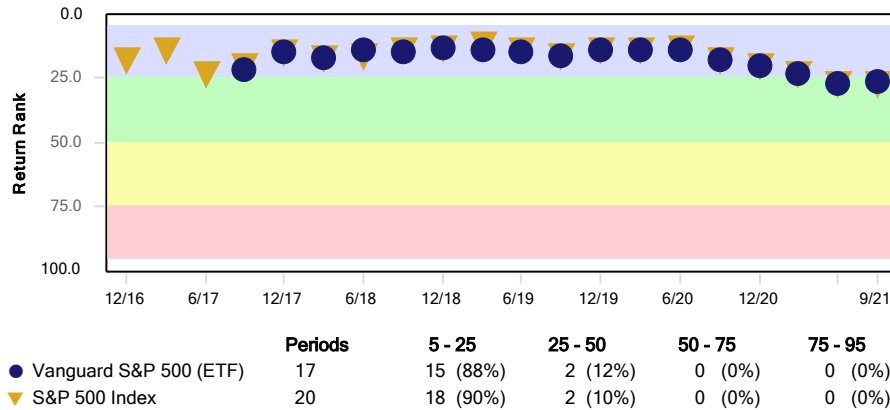
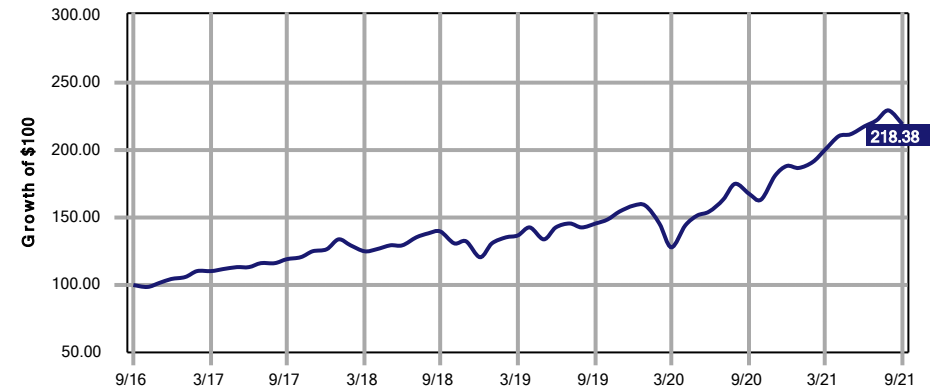
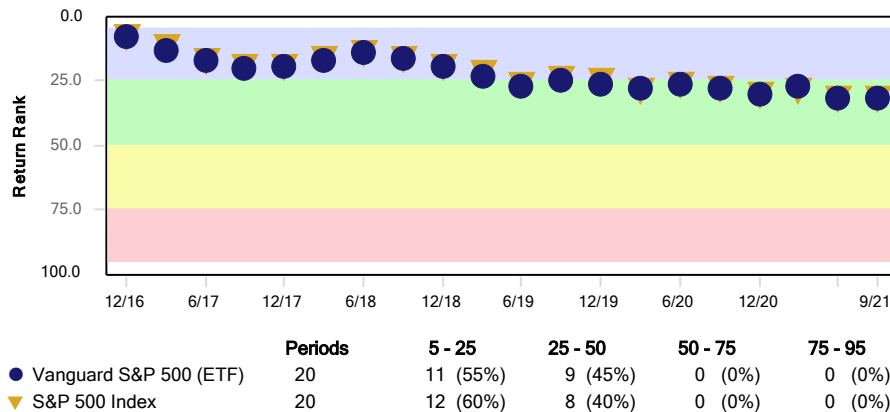
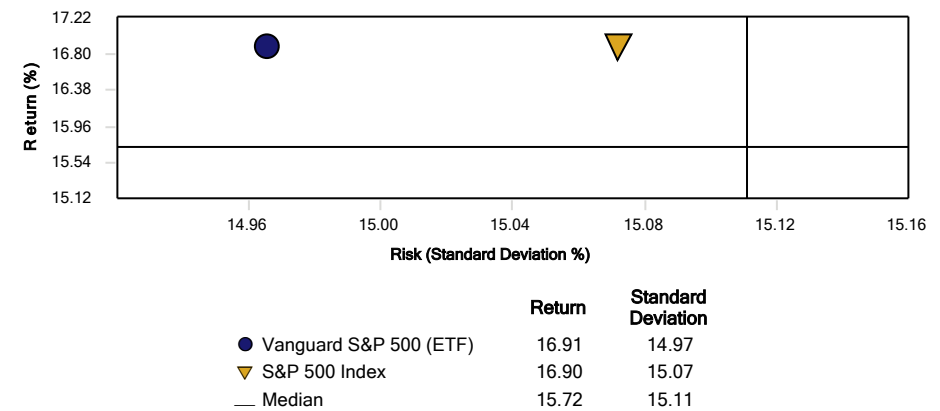
Historical Statistics - 5 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Total Fund	11.37	11.09	0.86	1.00	0.92	91.69	103.03
Strategic Model	10.49	11.09	0.00	1.00	0.85	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Total Fund	12.56	14.04	1.07	0.99	0.83	94.10	103.15
Strategic Model	11.45	14.07	0.00	1.00	0.75	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Vanguard S&P 500 (ETF)
September 30, 2021

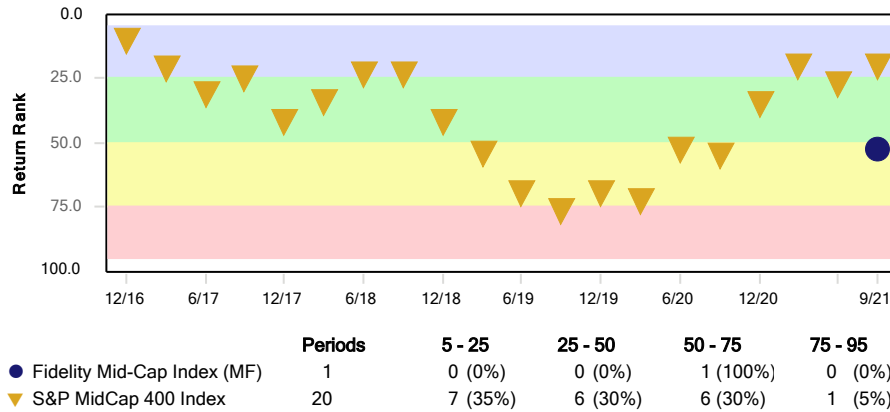
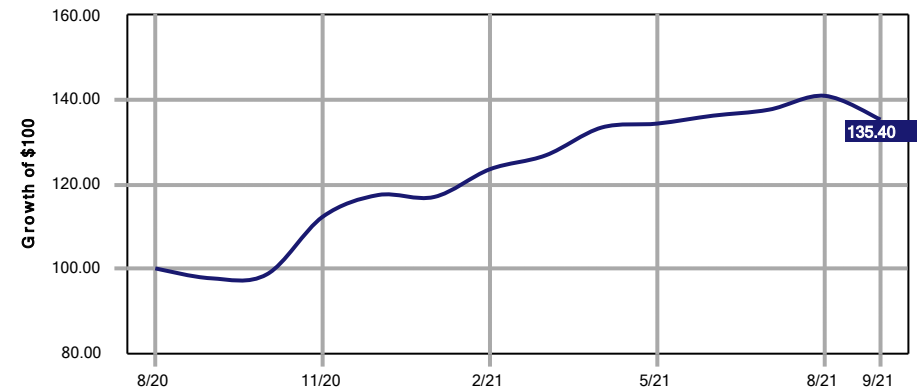
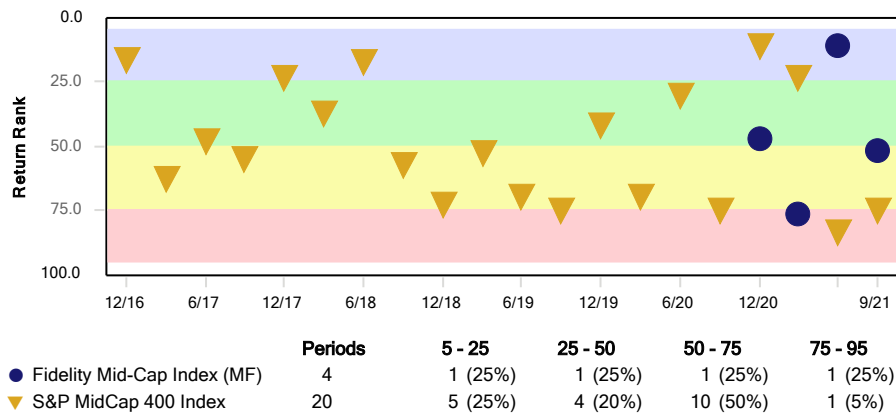
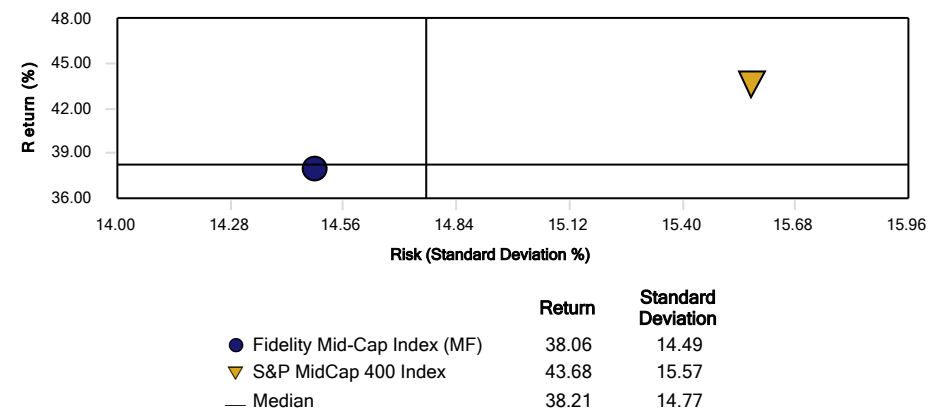
5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years**Growth of a Dollar****3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years****Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years****Historical Statistics - 5 Years**

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Vanguard S&P 500 (ETF)	16.91	14.97	0.12	0.99	1.04	99.10	99.59
S&P 500 Index	16.90	15.07	0.00	1.00	1.04	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Vanguard S&P 500 (ETF)	16.05	18.43	0.13	0.99	0.84	99.07	99.57
S&P 500 Index	15.99	18.55	0.00	1.00	0.83	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Fidelity Mid-Cap Index (MF)
September 30, 2021

1 Year Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years**Growth of a Dollar****1 Quarter Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years****Peer Group Risk/Reward - 1 Year****Historical Statistics - 1 Year**

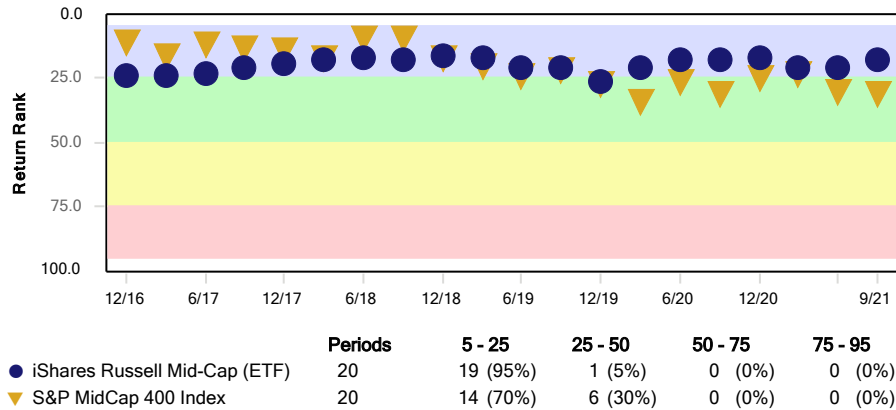
	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Fidelity Mid-Cap Index (MF)	38.06	14.49	-0.13	0.89	2.32	53.72	84.69
S&P MidCap 400 Index	43.68	15.57	0.00	1.00	2.43	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 1 Quarter

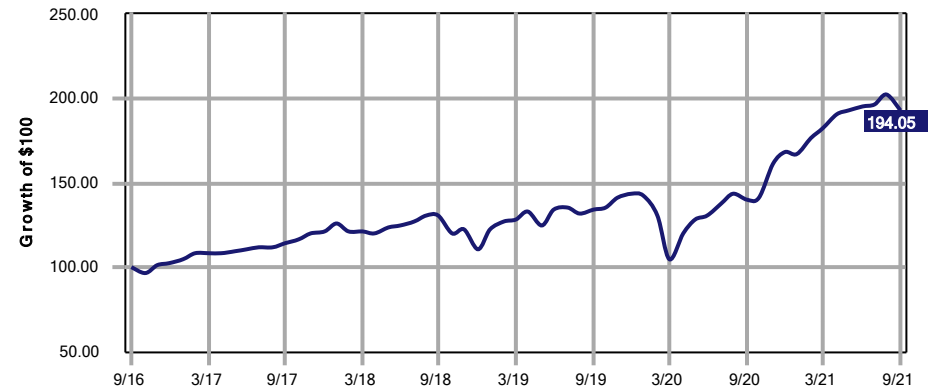
	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Fidelity Mid-Cap Index (MF)	-0.93	2.81	0.36	1.13	-0.10	103.64	144.11
S&P MidCap 400 Index	-1.76	2.50	0.00	1.00	-0.23	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
iShares Russell Mid-Cap (ETF)
September 30, 2021

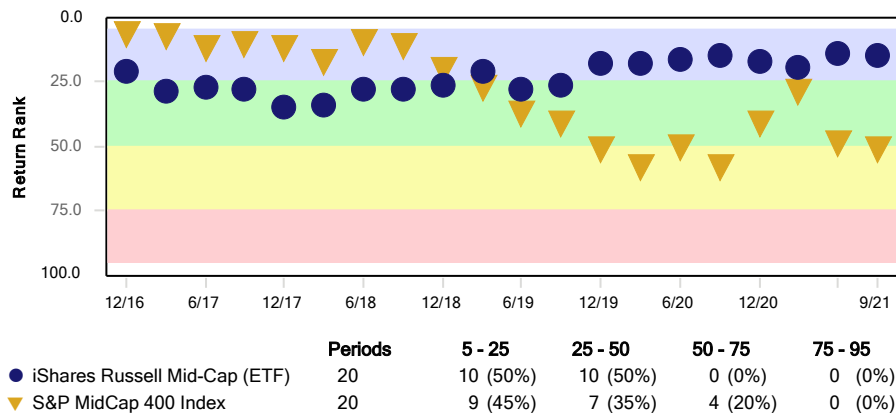
5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years



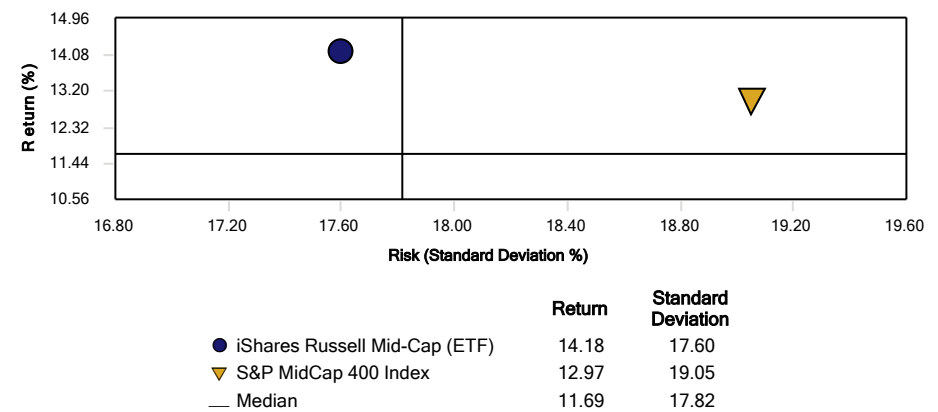
Growth of a Dollar



3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years



Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years



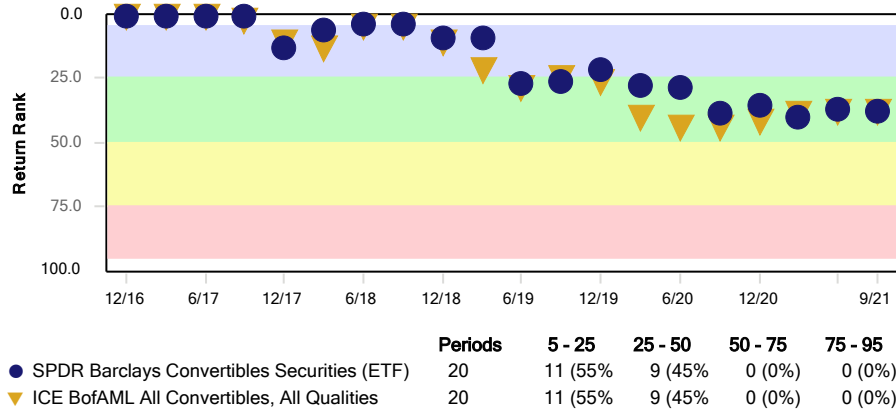
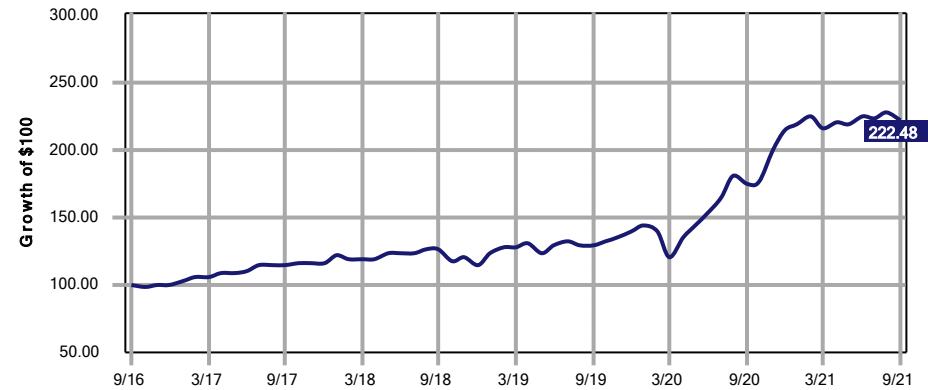
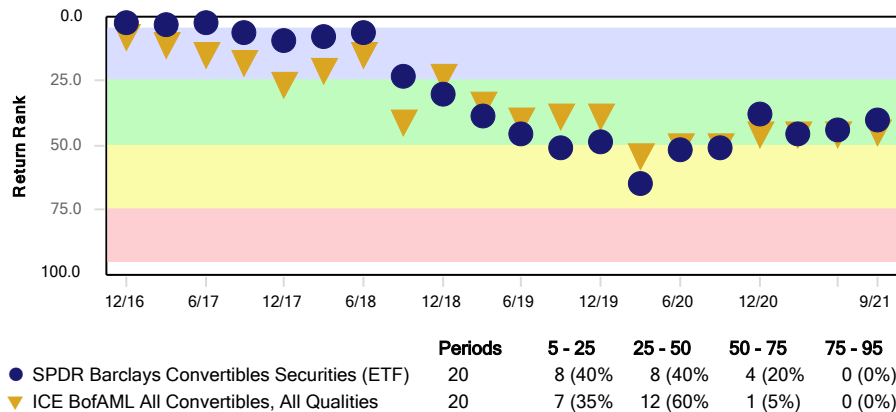
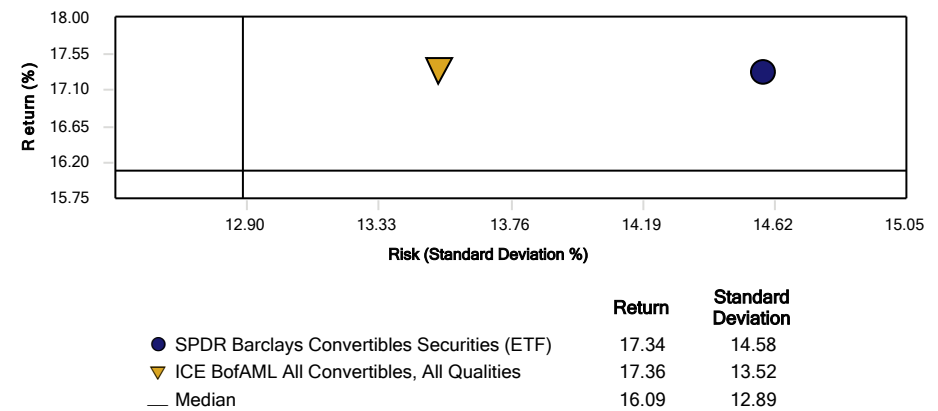
Historical Statistics - 5 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
iShares Russell Mid-Cap (ETF)	14.18	17.60	2.11	0.91	0.78	80.14	91.72
S&P MidCap 400 Index	12.97	19.05	0.00	1.00	0.68	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
iShares Russell Mid-Cap (ETF)	14.02	21.96	3.35	0.92	0.66	80.91	93.53
S&P MidCap 400 Index	11.08	23.56	0.00	1.00	0.52	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
SPDR Barclays Convertibles Securities (ETF)
September 30, 2021

5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years**Growth of a Dollar****3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years****Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years****Historical Statistics - 5 Years**

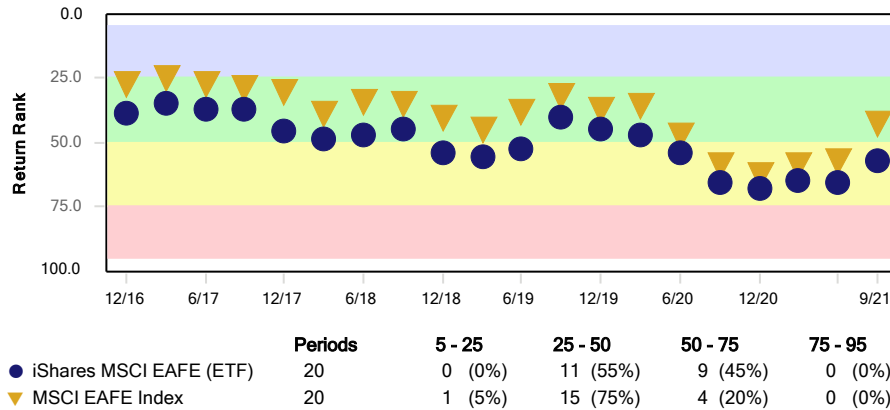
	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
SPDR Barclays Convertibles Securities (ETF)	17.34	14.58	-0.94	1.06	1.09	112.71	104.92
ICE BofAML All Convertibles, All Qualities	17.36	13.52	0.00	1.00	1.16	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
SPDR Barclays Convertibles Securities (ETF)	20.87	18.19	-0.46	1.06	1.07	111.04	106.85
ICE BofAML All Convertibles, All Qualities	20.18	17.00	0.00	1.00	1.10	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
iShares MSCI EAFE (ETF)
September 30, 2021

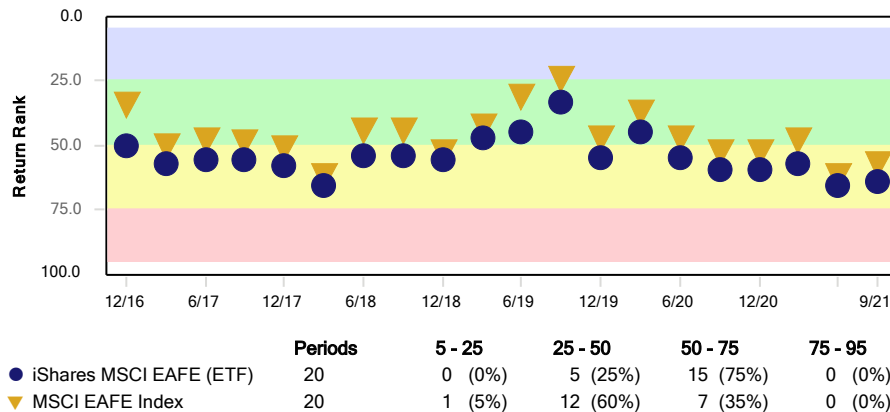
5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years



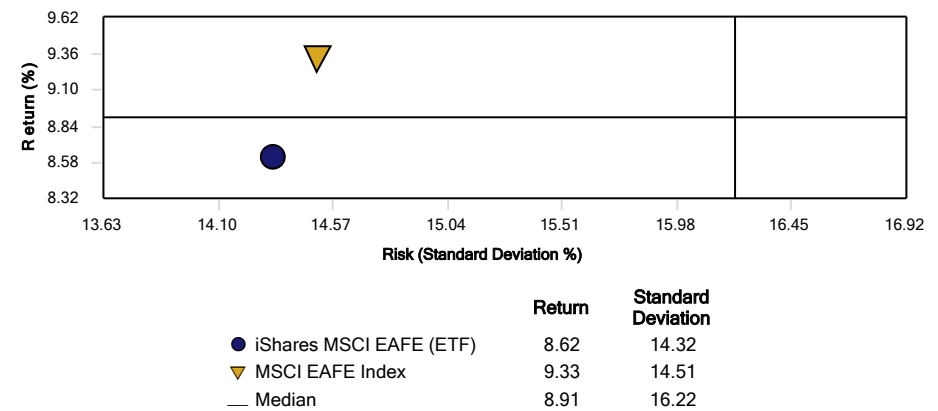
Growth of a Dollar



3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years



Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years



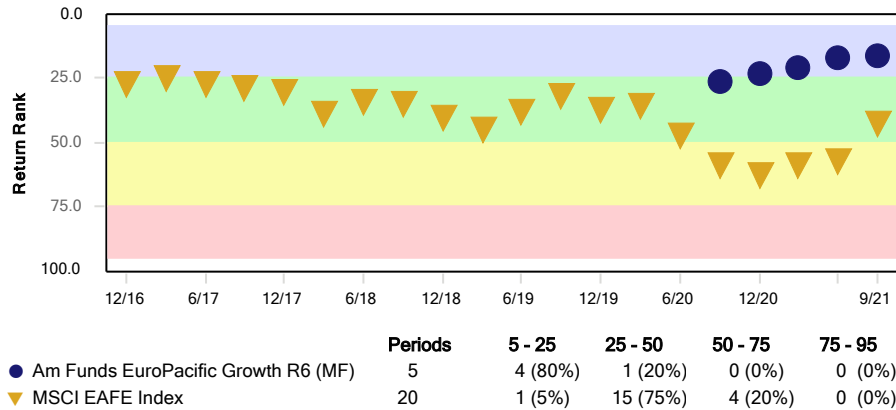
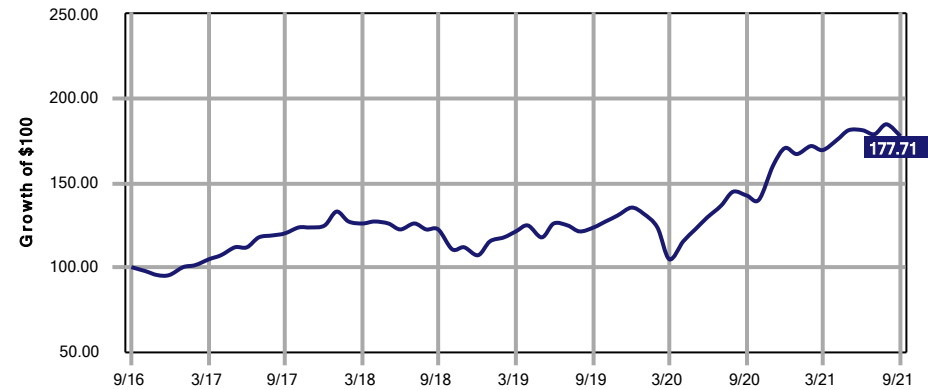
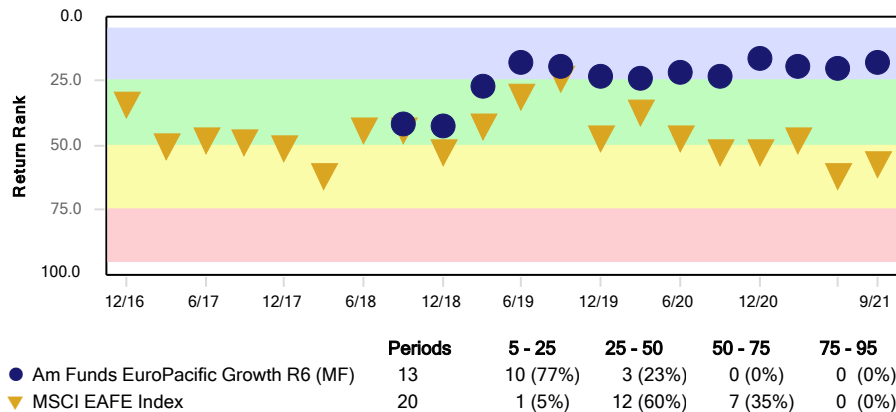
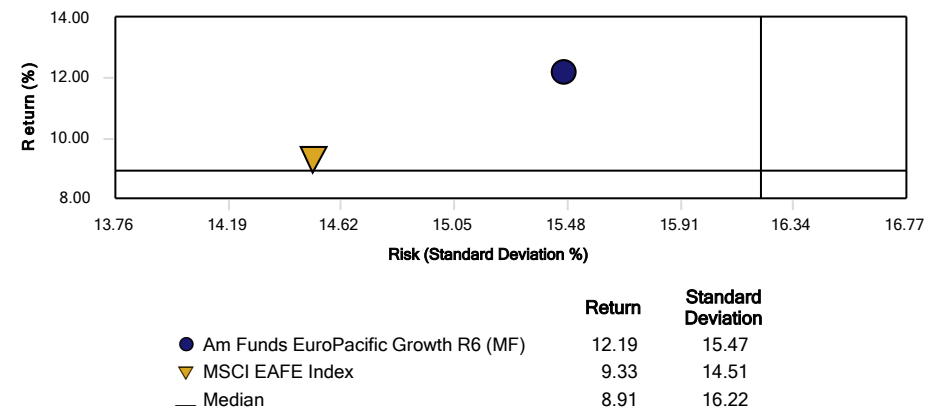
Historical Statistics - 5 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
iShares MSCI EAFE (ETF)	8.62	14.32	-0.49	0.98	0.57	99.42	96.91
MSCI EAFE Index	9.33	14.51	0.00	1.00	0.61	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
iShares MSCI EAFE (ETF)	7.50	17.29	-0.45	0.98	0.44	100.17	97.94
MSCI EAFE Index	8.13	17.52	0.00	1.00	0.47	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Am Funds EuroPacific Growth R6 (MF)
September 30, 2021

5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years**Growth of a Dollar****3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years****Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years****Historical Statistics - 5 Years**

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Am Funds EuroPacific Growth R6 (MF)	12.19	15.47	2.70	1.01	0.75	91.45	106.13
MSCI EAFE Index	9.33	14.51	0.00	1.00	0.61	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

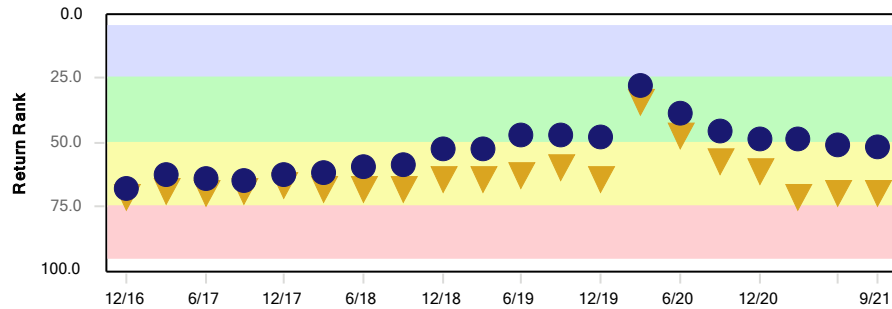
	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Am Funds EuroPacific Growth R6 (MF)	13.23	18.64	4.80	1.02	0.70	93.55	112.77
MSCI EAFE Index	8.13	17.52	0.00	1.00	0.47	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System

Highland Fixed Income (SMA)

September 30, 2021

5 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years

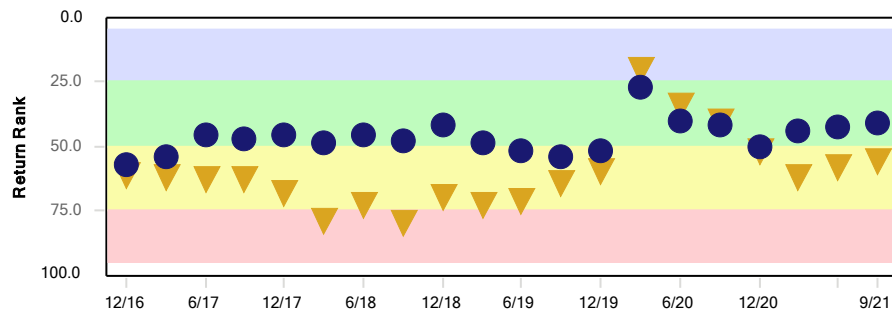


	Periods	5 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 95
● Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	20	0 (0%)	8 (40%)	12 (60%)	0 (0%)
▼ Fixed Income Benchmark	20	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	18 (90%)	0 (0%)

Growth of a Dollar

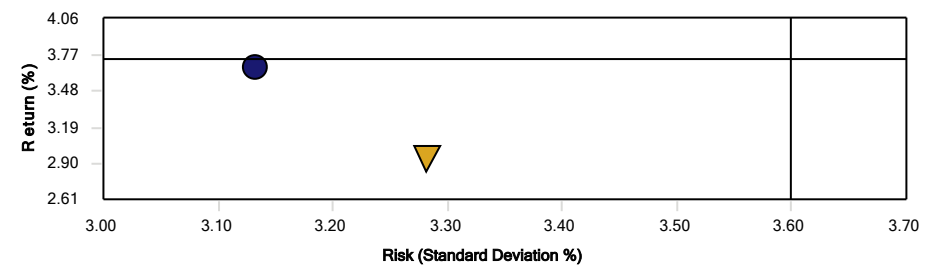


3 Years Rolling Percentile Ranking - 5 Years



	Periods	5 - 25	25 - 50	50 - 75	75 - 95
● Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	20	0 (0%)	15 (75%)	5 (25%)	0 (0%)
▼ Fixed Income Benchmark	20	1 (5%)	2 (10%)	15 (75%)	2 (10%)

Peer Group Risk/Reward - 5 Years



	Return	Standard Deviation
● Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	3.68	3.13
▼ Fixed Income Benchmark	2.94	3.28
— Median	3.75	3.60

Historical Statistics - 5 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	3.68	3.13	0.99	0.91	0.81	80.91	102.03
Fixed Income Benchmark	2.94	3.28	0.00	1.00	0.56	100.00	100.00

Historical Statistics - 3 Years

	Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Sharpe Ratio	Down Market Capture	Up Market Capture
Highland Fixed Income (SMA)	6.18	3.28	1.47	0.87	1.49	70.70	100.14
Fixed Income Benchmark	5.35	3.49	0.00	1.00	1.21	100.00	100.00

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System

Glossary

September 30, 2021

- ACCRUED INTEREST- Bond interest earned since the last interest payment, but not yet received.
- ALPHA- A linear regressive constant that measures expected return independent of Beta.
- ASSET ALLOCATION- The division of portfolio asset classes in order to achieve an expected investment objective.
- BALANCED UNIVERSES - Public Funds, Endowments & Foundations, Corporate peer groups, and PSN peer groups.
- BETA- A measure of portfolio sensitivity (volatility) in relation to the market, based upon past experience.
- BOND DURATION- A measure of portfolio sensitivity to interest rate risk.
- COMMINGLED FUND- An investment fund which is similar to a mutual fund in that investors are permitted to purchase and redeem units that represent ownership in a pool of securities.
- CONVERTIBLE BONDS - Hybrid securities' that offer equity returns during rising equity markets and improved down-market protection.
- CORE- An equal weighting in both growth and value stocks.
- CORRELATION COEFFICIENT- A measure of how two assets move together. The measure is bounded by +1 and -1; +1 means that the two assets move together positively, while a measure of -1 means that the assets are perfectly negatively correlated.
- GROWTH MANAGER- Generally invests in companies that have either experienced above-average growth rates and/or are expected to experience above-average growth rates in the future. Growth portfolios tend to have high price/earnings ratios and generally pay little to no dividends.
- INDEXES- Indexes are used as "independent representations of markets" (e.g., S&P 500).
- INFORMATION RATIO- Annualized excess return above the benchmark relative to the annualized tracking error.
- LARGE CAP- Generally, the term refers to a company that has a market capitalization that exceeds \$10 billion.
- MANAGER UNIVERSE- A collection of quarterly investment returns from various investment management firms that may be subdivided by style (e.g. growth, value, core).
- MID CAP- Generally, the term refers to a company that has a market capitalization between \$2 and \$10 billion.
- NCREIF - A quarterly time series composite total rate of return measure of investment performance of a large pool of individual commercial real estate properties acquired in the private market for investment purposes only.
- NCREIF ODCE - Open End Diversified Core Equity index which consists of historical and current returns from 26 open-end commingled funds pursuing core strategy. This index is capitalization weighted, time weighted and gross of fees.
- NET- Investment return accounts only for manager fees.
- PROTECTING FLORIDA INVESTMENT ACT (PFIA) - SBA publishes a list of prohibited investments (scrutinized companies).
- RATE OF RETURN- The percentage change in the value of an investment in a portfolio over a specified time period, excluding contributions.
- RISK MEASURES- Measures of the investment risk level, including beta, credit, duration, standard deviation, and others that are based on current and historical data.
- R-SQUARED- Measures how closely portfolio returns and those of the market are correlated, or how much variation in the portfolio returns may be explained by the market. An R2 of 40 means that 40% of the variation in a fund's price changes could be attributed to changes in the market index over the time period.

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Glossary
September 30, 2021

- SHARPE RATIO- The ratio of the rate of return earned above the risk-free rate to the standard deviation of the portfolio. It measures the number of units of return per unit of risk.
- SMALL CAP- Generally refers to a company with a market capitalization \$300 million to \$2 billion.
- STANDARD DEVIATION- Measure of the variability (dispersion) of historical returns around the mean. It measures how much exposure to volatility was experienced by the implementation of an investment strategy.
- SYSTEMATIC RISK- Measured by beta, it is the risk that cannot be diversified away (market risk).
- TIME WEIGHTED (TW) RETURN - A measure of the investments versus the investor. When there are no flows the TW & DOLLAR weighted (DW) returns are the same and vice versa.
- TRACKING ERROR- A measure of how closely a manager's performance tracks an index; it is the annualized standard deviation of the differences between the quarterly returns for the manager and the benchmark.
- TREYNOR RATIO- A measure of reward per unit of risk. (excess return divided by beta).
- UP AND DOWN-MARKET CAPTURE RATIO- Ratio that illustrates how a manager performed relative to the market during rising and declining market periods.
- VALUE MANAGER- Generally invests in companies that have low price-to-earnings and price-to-book ratios and/or above-average dividend yields.

**Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Disclosure
September 30, 2021**

Advisory services are offered through or by Burgess Chambers and Associates, Inc., a registered SEC investment advisor.

Performance Reporting:

1. Changes in portfolio valuations due to capital gains or losses, dividends, interest, income and management fees are included in the calculation of returns. All calculations are made in accordance with generally accepted industry standards.
2. Transaction costs, such as commissions, are included in the purchase cost or deducted from the proceeds or sale of a security. Differences in transaction costs may affect comparisons.
3. Individual client returns may vary due to a variety of factors, including differences in investment objectives, asset allocating and timing of investment decisions.
4. Performance reports are generated from information supplied by the client, custodian, and/or investment managers. BCA relies upon the accuracy of this data when preparing reports.
5. The market indexes do not include transaction costs, and an investment in a product similar to the index would have lower performance dependent upon costs, fees, dividend reinvestments, and timing. Benchmarks and indexes are for comparison purposes only, and there is no assurance or guarantee that such performance will be achieved.
6. Performance information prepared by third party sources may differ from that shown by BCA. These differences may be due to different methods of analysis, different time periods being evaluated, different pricing sources for securities, treatment of accrued income, treatment of cash, and different accounting procedures.
7. Certain valuations, such as alternative assets, ETF, and mutual funds, are prepared based on information from third party sources, the accuracy of such information cannot be guaranteed by BCA. Such data may include estimates and maybe subject to revision.
8. BCA relies on third party vendors to supply tax cost and market values, In the event that cost values are not available, market values may be used as a substitute.
9. BCA has not reviewed the risks of individual security holdings.
10. BCA investment reports are not indicative of future results.
11. Performance rankings are time sensitive and subject to change.
12. Mutual Fund (MF), Collective Investment Trusts (CIT) and Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) are ranked in net of fee universes.
13. Separately Managed Account (SMA) and Commingled Fund (CF) returns are ranked in gross of fees universes.
14. Composite returns are ranked in universes that encompass both gross and net of fee returns.
15. Total Fund returns are ranked in a gross of fee universe.
16. For a free copy of Part II (mailed w/i 5 bus. days from request receipt) of Burgess Chambers & Associates, Inc.'s most recent Form ADV which details pertinent business procedures, please contact: 315 East Robinson Street Suite #690, Orlando, Florida 32801, 407-644-0111, info@burgesschambers.com.

Burgess Chambers & Associates, Inc.
Institutional Investment Advisors
www.burgesschambers.com

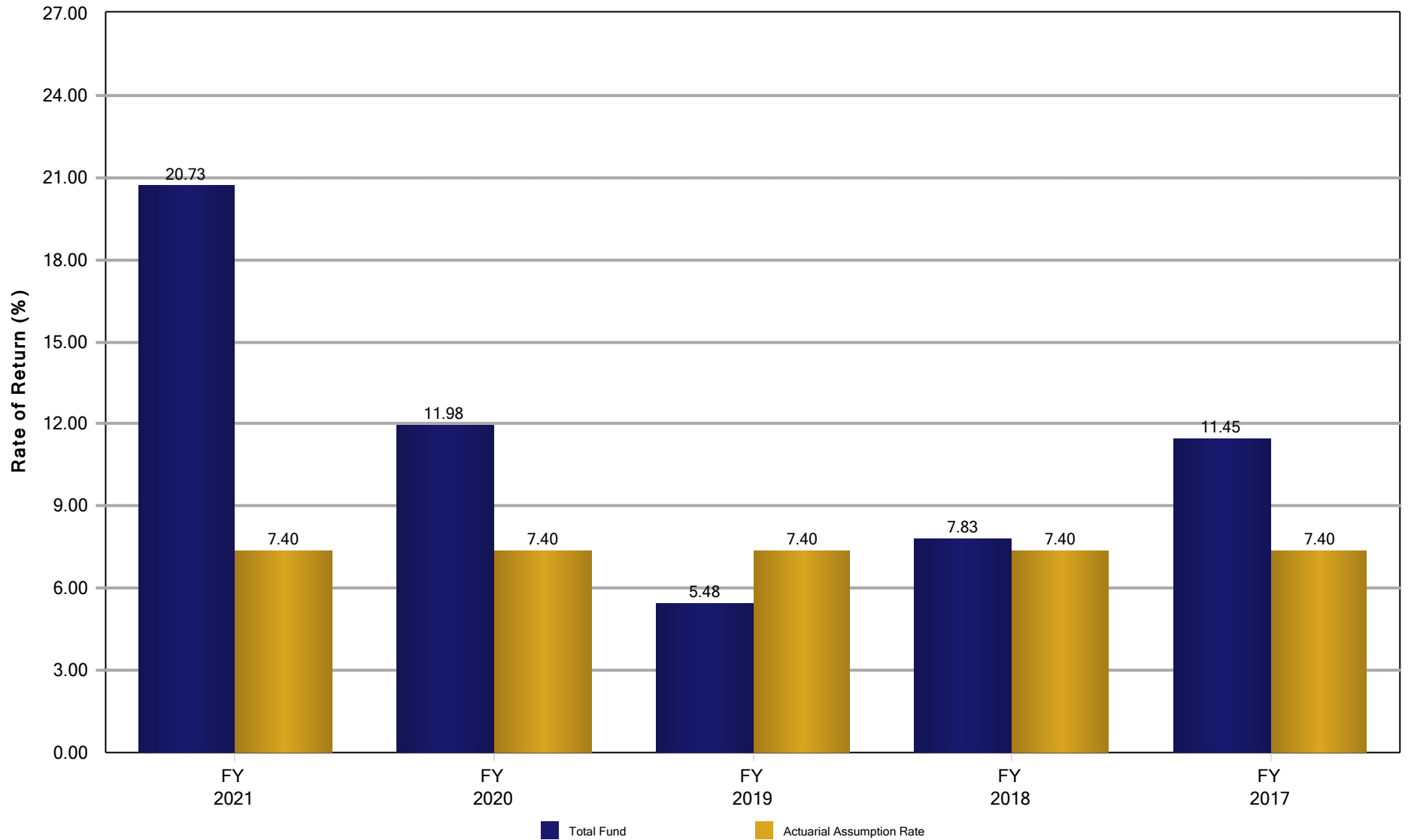
315 East Robinson Street, Suite 690, Orlando, Florida 32801
P: 407-644-0111 F: 407-644-0694

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System Historical Asset Allocation, 9-30-2021

Asset Class	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2019	FY 2018
Domestic Equity	38.97%	39.81%	36.81%	36.17%
Convertibles	11.40%	12.26%	10.07%	10.14%
International Equity	14.37%	13.22%	13.24%	14.38%
REITS	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	3.20%
Fixed Income	27.83%	26.78%	31.19%	30.08%
Private Real Estate	6.99%	7.28%	8.14%	4.82%
Cash	0.45%	0.65%	0.55%	1.21%

FY 2017
38.11%
10.77%
15.21%
3.30%
26.34%
4.84%
1.42%

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System
Fiscal Year Rates of Return
September 30, 2021



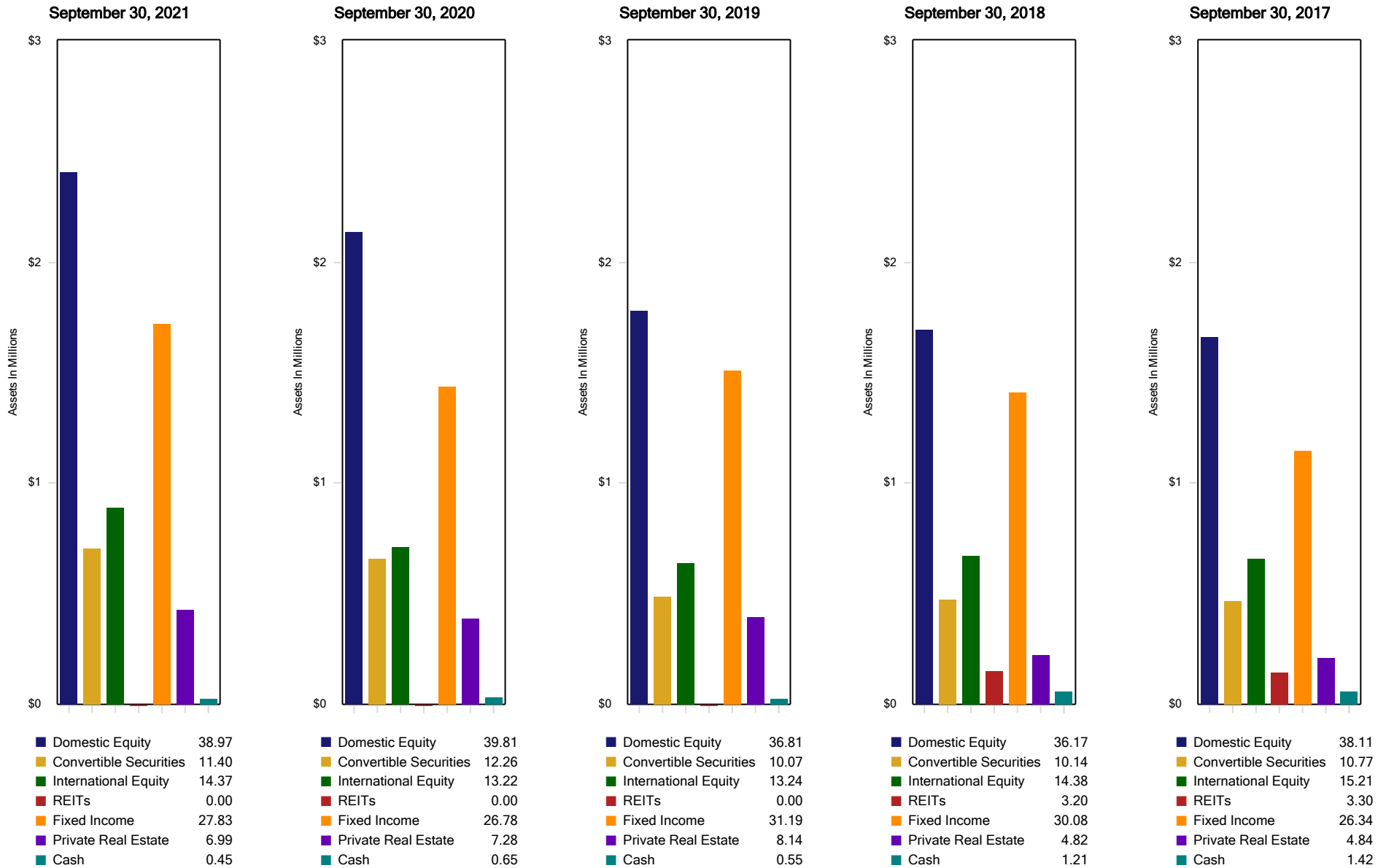
Attachment: 2021-09-30 Holly Hill Fire 60T (3545 : New Business to Discuss)

Disclosure: Actuarial assumption rate as of September 30, 2021. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Holly Hill Firefighters' Retirement System

Historical Asset Allocation

September 30, 2021



Attachment: 2021-09-30 Holly Hill Fire 60T (3545 : New Business to Discuss)

CITY OF HOLLY HILL
FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN
ACTUARIAL EXPERIENCE STUDY
October 14, 2021



FOSTER & FOSTER
ACTUARIES AND CONSULTANTS

October 14, 2021

Board of Trustees
City of Holly Hill
Firefighters' Pension Plan

Re: Actuarial Experience Study

Dear Board:

The following report presents the results of an actuarial experience study of the actuarial assumptions and methods used for actuarial valuation purposes for the City of Holly Hill Firefighters' Pension Plan. In the course of the analysis, we compiled plan experience from October 1, 2010 through September 30, 2020. While we cannot verify the accuracy of all the information provided, the supplied information used for performance of the annual actuarial valuations or compiled from prior year annual reports was reviewed for consistency and reasonableness. As a result of this review, we have no reason to doubt the substantial accuracy of the information and believe it has produced appropriate results.

The report includes a review of demographic and economic experience, a comparison of this experience to current actuarial assumptions, our recommendations for consideration regarding changes in assumptions or methods to be effective for the October 1, 2021 actuarial valuation, and the estimated actuarial impact of these suggested changes. We believe implementing the recommend changes will assist in achieving the objective of developing costs that are stable, predictable, and represent our best estimate of anticipated experience.

It is important to remember that the ultimate cost of your retirement plan is independent of any actuarial assumptions or methods used throughout the valuation process. This cost will be the sum of the benefits paid from the fund and the administrative expenses incurred, less any net investment gains received. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from current measurements due to such factors as: plan experience differing from that anticipated by assumptions; changes in assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used (such as the end of an amortization period); changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Please note the contents of this analysis and the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation report are considered integral parts of the actuarial opinions. In reviewing the results presented in this study, it should be noted there are risks that may not be inherently apparent to the reader that should be carefully considered. For key risks, please see the Discussion of Risk section of the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation report.

The actuarial measurements included in this report are based on actuarial asset values as of September 30, 2020 and would be different if market asset values were used instead of actuarial asset values.

In performing the analysis, we used third-party software to model (calculate) the underlying liabilities and costs. These results are reviewed in the aggregate and for individual sample lives. The output from the software is either used directly or input into internally developed models to generate the costs. All internally developed models are reviewed as part of the process. As a result of this review, we believe that the models have produced reasonable results. We do not believe there are any material inconsistencies among assumptions or unreasonable output produced due to the aggregation of assumptions.

Foster & Foster does not provide legal, investment or accounting advice. Thus, the information in this report is not intended to supersede or supplant the advice or the interpretations of the plan or its affiliated legal, investing or accounting partners.

The undersigned are familiar with the immediate and long-term aspects of pension valuations and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries necessary to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. All sections of this report are considered an integral part of the actuarial opinions.

Respectfully submitted,

FOSTER & FOSTER INC.



Patrick T. Donlan, EA, ASA, MAAA



Kevin H. Peng, ASA, EA, MAAA

ACTUARIAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

The Actuarial Standards Board (ASB) is responsible for determining which actuarial activities are the best representations of generally accepted actuarial principles, and is also responsible for issuing guidance in the form of Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs) to help actuaries in various practice areas deliver results and recommendations that are consistent with those representations. Generally speaking, ASOPs identify what the actuary should consider, document, and disclose when performing actuarial assignments.

The experience study and related measurements of benefit obligations for the plan are subject to the “coordinated guidance” provided in various ASOPs, including but not limited to:

- ❖ ASOP No. 4, *Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Costs or Contributions*, which ties together the standards shown below, provides guidance on actuarial cost methods, and addresses overall considerations for measuring pension obligations and determining plan costs or contributions
- ❖ ASOP No. 23, *Data Quality*
- ❖ ASOP No. 25, *Credibility Procedures*
- ❖ ASOP No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*
- ❖ ASOP No. 35, *Selection of Demographic and Other Noneconomic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*
- ❖ ASOP No. 44, *Selection and Use of Asset Valuation Methods for Pension Valuations*
- ❖ ASOP No. 51, *Assessment and Disclosure of Risk Associated with Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Contributions*
- ❖ ASOP No. 56, *Modeling*

This report refers to ASOPs by number (e.g. ASOP No. 4) throughout. It is important to keep in mind that this experience study report only reflects the guidance provided in the final releases of the above-mentioned ASOPs issued by the ASB on or before the date of this report. The results provided in this report reflect the requirements of, and are consistent with, the applicable above-mentioned Actuarial Standards of Practice. When applicable, details from the relevant ASOP will be provided in the report section associated with a particular analysis or topic.

EXPERIENCE REVIEW SUMMARY

Below is a summary of our key findings and suggested changes for your consideration. The remainder of the document provides details of our analysis, documents our suggestions, and determines the estimated corresponding actuarial impact.

- ❖ Investment Return – Based on the plan’s asset allocation and long-term expected rates of investment return by asset class provided by the plan’s investment advisor, we feel the long-term investment return assumption is currently supported and do not recommend any change to the assumed rate. In the summary section of this report, we have illustrated the impact of lowering the investment return assumption from 7.40% to 7.30% or 7.00% per year, for discussion purposes.
- ❖ Salary Increases – The rates were generally adjusted downward for service more than one year based on experience observed during the period.
- ❖ Mortality Rates – Chapter 2015-157, Laws of Florida, mandates the Board to employ the mortality tables used in either of the two most recently published actuarial valuation reports of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The valuation mortality assumption is already aligned with its July 1, 2020 FRS actuarial valuation, including appropriate risk and collar adjustments based on plan demographics. Additionally, the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation report was not yet available at the time this report was prepared; as a result, no adjustment applies to this assumption at this time.
- ❖ Retirement Rates – Based on the observed behavior, we do not recommend changing the retirement rates at this time.
- ❖ Withdrawal Rates – We recommend adjustments to the assumed rates of withdrawal, resulting in generally fewer withdrawals than previously assumed for members with less than ten years of service while more withdrawals than previously assumed for members with more than ten years of service.
- ❖ Disability Rates – We do not recommend changing the disability rates at this time.



REVIEW OF ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS

ASOP No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*, provides guidance to actuaries in selecting (including giving advice on selecting) economic assumptions – primarily investment return, discount rate, post-retirement benefit increases, inflation, and compensation increases – for measuring obligations under defined benefit pension plans.

Throughout the remainder of this section, we have used the standards set forth in ASOP No. 27 as a guideline for reviewing and if applicable, selecting recommended changes to the following economic actuarial assumptions and methods:

- ❖ Investment Return
- ❖ Salary Increases

Please keep in mind that ASOP No. 27 (and ASOP No. 35) recognizes a range of reasonable assumptions and states “the actuary should recognize the uncertain nature of the items for which assumptions are selected and, as a result, may consider several different assumptions reasonable for a given measurement. The actuary should also recognize that different actuaries will apply different professional judgment and may choose different reasonable assumptions. As a result, a range of reasonable assumptions may develop both for an individual actuary and across actuarial practice.”

Investment Return

The investment return assumption is critical in the actuarial valuation since it determines the portion of assets that will come from investment income rather than contributions from the plan sponsor and its participants. The investment return assumption should be determined based on the long-term rate of return (net of investment-related fees) the plan expects to earn over the life of the plan. The assumed rate of investment return is currently 7.40% per year compounded annually, net of investment-related expenses.

We believe that the decision to modify the investment return assumption shall be made based upon input from your investment professionals, reflecting any significant changes to the asset allocation, and their judgment of capital market returns. Keep in mind, however, that this assumption should reflect the best estimate of investment returns expected to be realized until the last participant in the plan dies, which could be 50+ years from now.

ASOP No. 27 provides that in developing a reasonable assumption, the actuary may consider a broad range of data and other inputs, including the judgment of investment professionals. The data that may be considered includes: current yields to maturity of fixed income securities; forecasts of inflation, GDP growth, and total returns for each asset class; historical and current investment data (including real and nominal returns); the inflation and inflation risk components implicit in the yield of inflation-protected securities; dividend yields, earnings yields, real estate capitalization rates; and historical plan performance.

For purposes of reviewing the investment return assumption, a building block approach is often used, whereby the actuary determines the weighted average expected real rate of return for the plan’s target investment portfolio and then adjusts for inflation and expenses not reflected in the real rates of return. Foster & Foster is an actuarial firm, and we do not have the required expertise to produce our own capital market assumptions. For this reason, ASOP No. 27 addresses that the actuary will often collect capital market assumptions from external sources in order to determine the forward-looking expected arithmetic and/or geometric returns. The capital market assumptions can be broadly classified into the following categories: expected returns by asset class; standard deviation by asset class; and correlation coefficients between asset classes.

ASOP No. 27 states “to determine the forward-looking expected geometric return for an entire portfolio, the actuary should take the weighted average of the forward-looking expected arithmetic return for each of the asset classes and adjust such determination to reflect the variance of the entire portfolio...in general, a forward-looking expected geometric return for an asset class can be approximated by taking the forward-looking expected arithmetic return and subtracting one-half of the variance of the asset class”. Below, we have employed this technique in order to review the current investment return assumption used in actuarial valuations.

Experience

Actual plan returns over the past 25 years have averaged 6.15% per year. The actual plan returns since October 1, 1995 are illustrated below.

Market Value Investment Return History (Net-of-Fees)		
October 1, 1995 through September 30, 2020		
Year Ending	Market Investment Return	Investment Return Assumption
9/30/2020	11.15%	7.40%
9/30/2019	4.75%	7.40%
9/30/2018	7.00%	7.40%
9/30/2017	10.59%	7.40%
9/30/2016	9.75%	7.50%
9/30/2015	-0.54%	7.50%
9/30/2014	9.06%	7.50%
9/30/2013	11.44%	7.50%
9/30/2012	14.90%	7.50%
9/30/2011	-0.98%	7.50%
9/30/2010	6.99%	7.50%
9/30/2009	0.24%	7.50%
9/30/2008	-13.12%	7.50%
9/30/2007	12.22%	7.50%
9/30/2006	5.47%	7.50%
9/30/2005	8.06%	7.50%
9/30/2004	4.64%	7.50%
9/30/2003	12.61%	7.50%
9/30/2002	-6.42%	7.50%
9/30/2001	-4.84%	7.50%
9/30/2000	7.00%	7.50%
9/30/1999	8.52%	7.50%
9/30/1998	5.83%	7.50%



9/30/1997	25.46%	7.50%
9/30/1996	11.00%	7.50%

Averages	
5 Years	8.62%
10 Years	7.60%
20 Years	4.89%
All 25 Years	6.15%

Capital Market Assumptions – Board Investment Advisor

In order to complete the GASB 67/68 disclosures each year, the Board's investment advisor provides our firm with a broad target asset allocation (based on guidance from GASB) along with their corresponding forward-looking expected arithmetic returns by asset class. Below is the excerpt from the most recent GASB 67/68 disclosures, based on a September 30, 2020 measurement date.

Asset Class	(1) Target Allocation	(2) Expected Arithmetic Return by Asset Class (Long-Term)	(3) = (1) x (2) Expected Portfolio Arithmetic Return (Long-Term)
Domestic Equity	35.00%	8.50%	2.98%
International Equity	15.00%	4.10%	0.62%
Bonds	30.00%	3.70%	1.11%
Convertibles	10.00%	7.90%	0.79%
Private Real Estate	5.00%	5.00%	0.25%
REITS	5.00%	7.90%	0.40%
Total Real	100.00%		6.15%
Assumed Inflation			2.30%
Total Nominal			8.45%

As noted above, the expected long-term geometric return can be approximated by subtracting one-half of the variance (volatility). Since GASB does not require inclusion of the expected risk by asset class, we are not able to determine the portfolio variance without requesting additional information from the investment advisor. However, you can see that the expected long-term arithmetic return of 8.45% is 1.05% greater than the current investment return of assumption of 7.40%, leaving room for portfolio variance of around 2.10%.

Based on the relevant data discussed in this section, we believe that the current 7.40% investment return assumption is reasonable and do not recommend any change at this time. However, it should be noted that many plans across the State are considering lower their investment return assumption. In the summary section of this report, we have illustrated the impact of lowering the investment return assumption from 7.40% to 7.30% or 7.00% per year, for discussion purposes.

Salary Increases

The salary increase assumption is used to project a participant's compensation while actively employed, from the valuation date until the assumed retirement age. This allows the actuary to estimate the pension benefit the member will be entitled to at retirement. Generally, a participant's compensation will increase over the long term in accordance with inflation, productivity growth, and merit adjustments. Currently, the valuation utilizes a service-based salary scale assumption.

Salary increases observed during the period were lower than expected. Based on this experience, we recommend amending the assumed rates of salary increases to better align with actual plan experience.

Service	Count	Salary (Prior Year)	Actual Salary	Expected Salary	Actual Increase	Expected Increase	Proposed Increase
<1	3	106,623	117,796	117,286	10.48%	10.00%	10.00%
1-9	68	3,272,256	3,385,570	3,452,231	3.46%	5.50%	5.00%
10+	38	2,151,312	2,198,952	2,269,634	2.21%	5.50%	4.50%
<Total>	109	5,530,191	5,702,318	5,839,151	3.11%	5.59%	4.90%

The impact of only the recommended changes to the salary increase assumption is a decrease in the funding requirements and UAAL.

Salary Increases	Required City/State Contribution	Increase / (Decrease)	UAAL	Funded Ratio
Current	48.20%		1,045,407	83.7%
Proposed	46.10%	-2.10%	977,577	84.5%

REVIEW OF DEMOGRAPHIC ASSUMPTIONS

ASOP No. 35, *Selection of Demographic and Other Noneconomic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*, provides guidance to actuaries in selecting (including giving advice on selecting) demographic and other noneconomic assumptions for measuring obligations under defined benefit pension plans.

Throughout the remainder of this section, we have used the standards set forth in ASOP No. 35 as a guideline for reviewing and if applicable, selecting recommended changes to the following demographic and other noneconomic actuarial assumptions:

- ❖ Retirement Rates
- ❖ Withdrawal Rates
- ❖ Disability Rates

Generally, demographic assumptions are based on actual plan experience with additional consideration for current trends. ASOP No. 35 states “the actuary should use professional judgment to estimate possible future outcomes based on past experience and future expectations and select assumptions based upon application of that professional judgment. For any given measurement, the actuary will typically be able to identify two or more reasonable assumptions for the same contingency.”

Demographic trends generally remain consistent over time, absent significant changes in plan provisions. Therefore, the best true indicator of future experience is past experience. For each assumption, this analysis compares actual experience for the studied time period to the current assumptions used for purposes of the actuarial valuations. Note that actuarial assumptions reflect average experience over long periods of time. A change in actuarial assumptions generally occurs when experience over a period of years indicates a consistent pattern.



Retirement Rates

A retirement rate is the associated probability at a specific point in time that a participant will retire, given that they have attained the eligibility requirements for retirement. The associated cost due to retirement experience is determined by the age at which participants retire (or enter DROP). The current eligibility requirement for Early Retirement is the attainment of age 48 and completion of 6 years of service; while requirements for Normal Retirement are the earlier of (1) attainment of age 50 and completion of 6 years of service or (2) completion of 25 years of service, regardless of age. Currently, the valuation uses a flat 5% assumed rate for Early Retirement and the table of Normal Retirement rates by age and service as below:

Age	Service	Retirement Rates
48-49	<25	5%
50	<25	50%
51-54	<25	20%
55-59	<25	20%
60+	<25	100%
All	25+	100%

Below is a table of approximate age and service of each actual Retirements over the last 10 years.

Retirement Experience
(October 1, 2010 through September 30, 2020)

Name	Approximate Age at Retirement	Approximate Service at Retirement	Type	Years After Normal
Member 1	60	10	DROP	4
Member 2	50	22	DROP	0
Member 3	45.8	25	Normal	0
Member 4	49.6	25	DROP	0
Member 5	55	13.5	Normal	5

As you can see from the above table, there were no Early Retirements and five Normal Retirement observed during the period. The actual retirements over the last 10 years do not appear to deviate significantly from the current assumption. Therefore, we do not recommend any changes to the current assumption at this time.

Withdrawal Rates

The withdrawal rate, or termination rate, is the probability that a participant will separate employment from a cause other than disability, death, or retirement. Currently, the valuation uses a service-based table.

Overall, the actual incidence of termination was fewer than expected in total. Based on experience since 2010, we recommend adjustments to the rates as shown below. You will notice this includes decreases to the assumed rates in the first 9 years of employment and increases in the assumed rates after 10 years of service.

Withdrawal Rates

Service	Count	Actual	Expected	Actual Rate	Expected Rate	Proposed Rate
<1	9	1	1.4	11.1%	15.0%	13.0%
1-4	27	1	2.7	3.7%	10.0%	7.0%
5-9	35	0	2.1	0.0%	6.0%	5.0%
10+	32	1	0.6	3.1%	2.0%	3.0%
<Total>	103	3	6.8	2.9%	6.6%	5.6%

The impact of only the recommended changes to the withdrawal rates is a decrease to the City's contribution requirement, as shown below.

Withdrawal Rates	Required City/State Contribution	Increase / (Decrease)	UAAL	Funded Ratio
Current	48.20%		1,045,407	83.7%
Proposed	47.90%	-0.30%	975,258	84.6%

Disability Rates

The disability rate assumption is the probability that a member will become disabled while an active participant in the plan. Currently, the valuation utilizes an age-based table with relatively low expected probabilities. Over the past ten years, the plan expected 0.26 disabilities and there were no disabilities during that time. Given this experience, we do not propose changing the disability rates at this time.



SUMMARY

As stated throughout the content of this report, we have recommended the Board consider several changes to the actuarial assumptions utilized for purposes of completing the annual valuations. It is our belief that these changes reflect sound actuarial principles, are in compliance with the Actuarial Standards of Practice, are our best estimate of anticipated future experience, and will assist in achieving the objective of developing costs that are stable and predictable. Below, we have provided a summary of the estimated actuarial impact for the discussed changes. Please note we have also included the impact of lowering the investment return assumption to 7.30% or 7.00% per year, for discussion purposes.

Change	Assumption	Increase/(Decrease) Required City/State Contribution	Increase/(Decrease) UAAL	Funded Ratio
	Current			83.7%
(1)	7.30% Investment Return	1.50%	65,735	82.8%
(2)	7.00% Investment Return	5.80%	270,128	80.3%
(3)	Salary Increases	-2.10%	(67,830)	84.5%
(4)	Withdrawal Rates	-0.30%	(70,149)	84.6%
(5)	Combination (7.40%)	-2.60%	(63,669)	84.5%
(6)	Combination (7.30%)	-1.20%	1,398	83.6%
(7)	Combination (7.00%)	3.10%	203,770	81.1%



November 18, 2021

Mr. Robert Edwards
NewTower Trust Company
7315 Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 350W
Bethesda, MD 20814

Re: Holly Hill Firefighters Retirement Pension Fund (A/C# 2000477.1)

Dear Mr. Edwards,

The above-named Fund elected to reinvest the quarterly income component of its investment in the Multi — Employer Property Trust. Please accept this letter as authorization to update the standing instructions on file from distribute to reinvest effective immediately and until further notice.

If you have any questions, please contact please contact our investment consultant, Burgess Chambers and Associates at 407-644-0111.

Thanks,

Trustee

Trustee